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## KONOYE ACCEPTS IMPERIAL ORDER TO ORGANISE CABINET: PLEDGE OF CO-OPERATION FROM THE WAR AND NAVY MINISTERS: GERMANY HOPES FOR EXCLUSIVELY MILITARY GOVERNMENT

IT HAS BEEN CONFIRMED THAT PRINCE KONOYE HAS ACCEPTED THE IMPERIAL COMMAND TO ORGANISE THE NEW CABINET. HE HAS ALREADY RECEIVED A PLEDGE OF CO-OPERATION FROM THE WAR AND NAVY MINISTERS, SAYS REUTER.

Prince Konoye was summoned to the Throne at 4.50 p.m. Tokyo time, and was ordered to form a new Cabinet.

Prince Konoye's acceptance is believed to be mandatory.

The populace is generally relieved, possibly fearing hitherto that some extremist like ADMIRAL NOBUMASA SUETSUGU might receive the call to form the Cabinet.

The first hint of the probable nature of the new Japanese Cabinet was contained in a report from Tokyo that Prince Konoye who was summoned by the Emperor and asked to form a Cabinet, is receiving plenty of co-operation from two of his former colleagues, GENERAL TOGO, the War Minister, and ADMIRAL OIKAWA, the Navy Minister.

### TIRED OF TALK

"I am tired of all this talk about Japan's drive to the south," said MR. TATSUO KAWAI, Japanese Minister to Australia, in Adelaide yesterday.

When asked whether Japan's drive to the south would go far enough to threaten Australia, Mr. Kawai replied that this would depend upon the degree of provocation given to Japan.

Asked if there had been any such provocation, Mr. Kawai replied, "There have been pin-pricks."

### EX-CANADIAN SHIP SUNK

The Admiralty announced yesterday that the auxiliary ship LADY SOMERS (8,194 tons) has been sunk.

She was formerly a passenger and cargo vessel of the Canadian National Steamships Ltd.

Of her complement of 176 officers and men, 130 survivors have been picked up by Spanish ships and landed at a neutral port.

WARDHA, July 17 (Reuter) — Vinoba Bhave, Mr. Gandhi's first civil disobedience disciple, was sentenced to a year's simple imprisonment yesterday charged with civil disobedience for the third time.

## Circumstances Leading To Fall Of Konoye Cabinet: Chinese View

CHUNGKING, July 17 (Reuter) — Internal and external difficulties have compelled the resignation of Prince Konoye who was largely brought about by the extreme Rightist element, declared the Chinese official CENTRAL DAILY NEWS in a leading article this morning.

"While we have not yet obtained details of the circumstances leading to the fall of the Konoye Cabinet," the paper continued, "we believe they are as follows:—

"Firstly, the decision reached at the recent Imperial conference which was meeting with strong opposition both inside and outside the Cabinet.

"Secondly, the new political structure which is meeting with

These two Ministers were, with MR. YOSUKE MATSUOKA, the mainstay of the last Cabinet.

BOTH GEN. TOGO AND ADMIRAL OIKAWA WERE WEDDED TO DREAMS OF JAPANESE EXPANSION BUT IT IS NOT KNOWN IN WHICH DIRECTION THEY FAVOUR EXTENSION OF THIS POLICY.

Immediately after Prince Konoye had received his summons to appear before the Emperor he saw General Togo and Admiral Oikawa. Prince Konoye's name was submitted to the Emperor by the Lord Privy Seal after a meeting of senior Statesmen yesterday.

Except for the reports associating Gen. Togo and Admiral Oikawa with Prince Konoye's efforts to form a new Government there has been no further information as to other appointments.

### NOT OPTIMISTIC

In the United States and Britain it is learnt that the change of Cabinet in Japan may foretell an important change in Japan's policy and the general tone of comment is not optimistic.

The anxiety of the German Government to get Japan embroiled in a war is seen in a comment from Berlin which states that the Germans expect, or hope, that THE NEW CABINET WILL BE EXCLUSIVELY MILITARY which would mean that Japan would take more active participation against Great Britain and the United States.

Continued Page 7.

### FRESH ACTION

In a broadcast from London yesterday, MR. CYRIL LAKIN, the prominent commentator, said that he thought it was only quite reasonable to suppose that a stronger Government was required in Japan in preparation for fresh military acts.

Whether Japan would drive to the north against Siberia or in the south against Indo-China or whether she would decide on both was not known.

## Shanghai Calmly Waiting

SHANGHAI, July 17 (Reuter) — Although the one most affected, should the Far Eastern situation worsen, Shanghai is calmly awaiting further news from Tokyo.

The local Chinese, somewhat apprehensive, are of the opinion that Prince Konoye's resignation may be the prelude to Japanese action in the Far East, either in Siberia or in the South Seas.

Writing in the SHANGHAI EVENING POST, the well-known British journalist, Mr. H. G. Woodhead, says the significance of the fact cannot be overlooked that Prince Konoye had resigned right on the heels of an editorial in the HOCHI HOCHI, SHIMBUN demanding "a stronger political leadership."

He continues: "This may, of course, have been a mere coincidence. If so, it is a curious one."

### NAZI ORGAN

"The control of the Hochi was acquired by the Nazi Embassy in Tokyo some years ago. It has since been run as a Nazi organ and little effort is being made to conceal the source from where its policy has been directed. So it seems not unreasonable to suppose that on this, as on so many other occasions, the voice of the Hochi was the voice of General Ott, Hitler's envoy in Tokyo. And if this assumption is correct, the significance of the fact that when General Ott says that Prince Konoye must go and he promptly stepped out can hardly be overlooked."

"Berlin was recently reported to have been instigating the Japanese to attack the U.S.S.R. and the natural reluctance of Prince Konoye to embark on so hazardous a venture may well have been the result of the Nazi demand for strengthening the Cabinet."

## NO DESIRE TO FALL OUT WITH JAPAN

"We have no desire or intention of falling out with Japan if that can be avoided," said MAJOR ALLEN MURRAY, the news commentator of the B.B.C., when he broadcast from London last night.

He said that the Far East situation came into greater prominence on Wednesday night with the announcement of the resignation of the Japanese Cabinet.

It had been obvious for some time that the Tokyo Cabinet was heading for trouble and this reached breaking point on Wednesday night the cause of the trouble being the Russo-German war.

### "GO SLOW"

Prudent statesmen in Japan were reluctant to embark on another big military campaign. Those who had advocated the "go slow" policy had been got rid of in the Cabinet.

The Army element in Japan, said Maj. Murray, was very powerful. Mr. Matsuo, he added, had put himself in a somewhat embarrassing position by entering the Axis Pact and by recently concluding a Pact with Soviet Russia.

## 215,000 Canadians In Army

Returning from a tour of Quebec, Mr. Malcolm Macdonald, the British High Commissioner in Canada, expressed satisfaction at the Canadian war effort.

The Canadian Defence Minister announced that 295,000 men were now under arms, 215,000 of them were in the army.

Twelve thousand men were in the air force and 35,000 in the navy.

ANKARA, July 17 (Reuter) — Ambassadors, Ministers and other diplomatic representatives of Germany, Hungary, Rumania and Slovakia in Moscow arrived by train yesterday afternoon.

## —On Other Pages

- 2—Swimming notes: League tennis: Deputy Director on 3-day black-out.
- 3—Radio programmes: Coming events.
- 4—Party influence in Japanese politics wiped out: Mr. Alexander warns threat of invasion remains Indian tribute to Mr. Churchill.
- 5—Appeal against conviction refused: Northcott's Train in College presentation Round the Police Courts.
- 6—Leading article: Go Easy, Japan!
- 7—Government House reception.

## PETAIN BEING STRONGLY URGED TO SURRENDER SEA, AIR BASES IN INDO-CHINA, SAYS BARTLETT

LONDON, July 17 (Reuter) — Japanese pressure on the Vichy Cabinet to surrender bases in Indo-China was being exercised just before the Konoye Cabinet resigned, according to the Diplomatic correspondent of the NEWS-CHRONICLE, Mr. Vernon Bartlett, M.P.

He writes: "According to a trustworthy neutral source, in close touch with Vichy, Marshal Petain is being strongly urged from Tokyo to make a graceful but rapid surrender of Camranh Bay and other sea and air bases in Indo-China."

"HE HAS BEEN GIVEN ONLY A FEW DAYS IN WHICH TO MAKE UP HIS MIND."

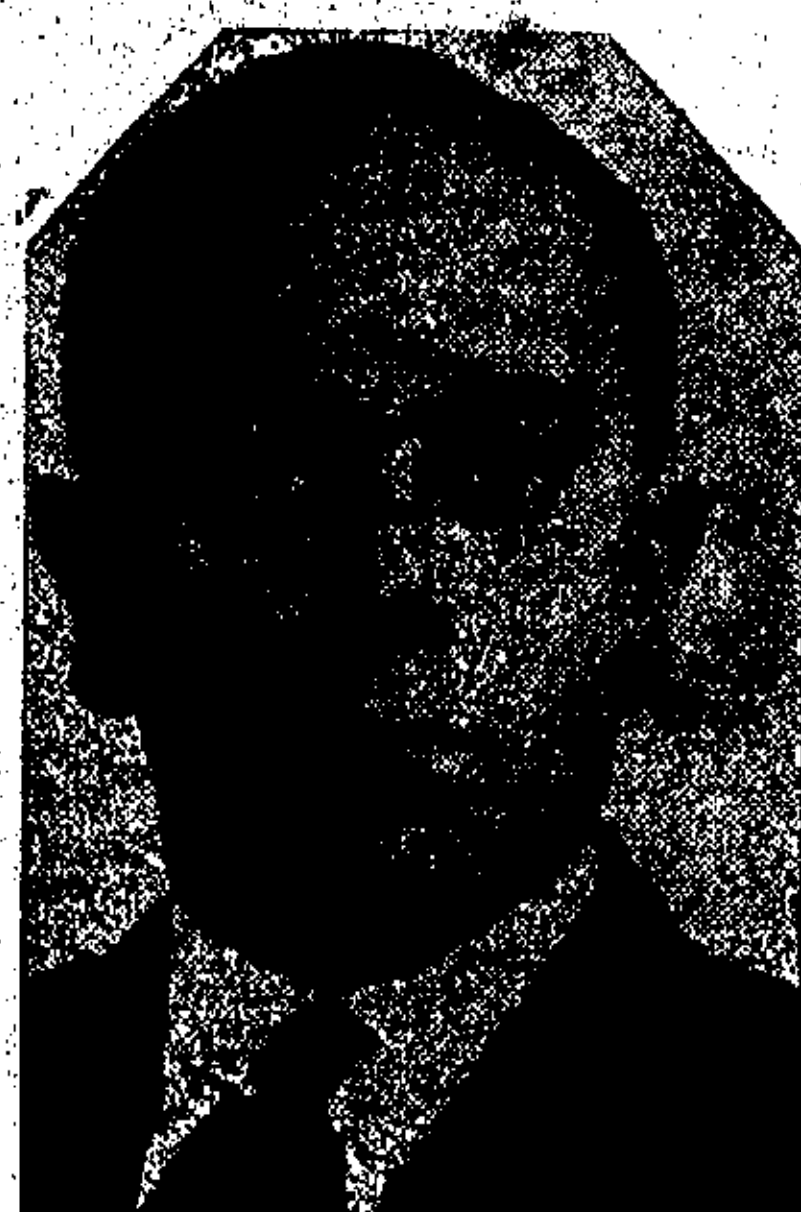
Stating that "while the new Japanese administration may follow a still more drastic policy," Mr. Bartlett adds, "There is a large section of the opinion, especially among industrialists, in which there is keen realisation of the desperate financial position of the country, and very little hope that it could be improved by any adventures in the South China Sea."

The Diplomatic correspondent of THE TIMES confirms these reports of pressure on Marshal Petain.

Quoting a private report which reached The Times

office on Wednesday night from France, he says that the Konoye Cabinet had already prepared demands and these "were to be laid before the Vichy Cabinet within the next few days and Japan make it quite clear that she intended to have bases (in Indo-China and Thailand) with Vichy's consent or without it."

Commenting on the likely course of action of the next Japanese Cabinet, the Diplomatic correspondent writes: "If the Cabinet changes itself towards extremism, it will find the ground well prepared, and if it changes towards moderation, the effect is not likely to be felt or seen for a long time as the extremist party is well entrenched."



VERNON BARTLETT

## PEOPLE IN GERMANY ARE NOW ANXIOUS

"If you consider the flight of Hess, reports of the Hitler-Goring feud, the disappointment of the Russia campaign to date and the mess that the R.A.F. is making of Western Germany, I think the people of the Reich have good cause for anxiety," remarked MAJOR ALLEN MURRAY when he broadcast from London last night.

Major Murray commented that the Germans had suffered enormous casualties but nothing they had done so far could be called decisive.

He added that the German people were not at all happy about the Russian war and were anxiously awaiting for good news at the week-end.

Just how far the Hitler-Goring rift went we did not know—but these two German leaders had had truces in the past. The present row might be another of those temporary quarrels.

LONDON, July 17 (Central) — Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo, Chinese Ambassador to Britain, was guest of honour at a luncheon given by the British National Defence Committee yesterday. Mr. A. V. Alexander, First Lord of the Admiralty, who was the Chairman, referred to Dr. Koo as "the representative of our senior belligerent."

CAIRO, July 17 (Reuter) — A British Middle East communique states that there is no change in the situation on all fronts.

## Enemy Ships Extensively Damaged

Some 25 ships were destroyed or damaged by the Royal Air Force in extensive operations along the Norwegian coast to France on Wednesday.

Amid cheers from people in the streets and in the fields, British planes swept low over Rotterdam and attacked a large concentration of shipping, 17 of them, totalling 100,000 tons, being destroyed, another 11 left burning and five more damaged.

The Italian ship, Valoran (17,000 tons) was hit square between the funnels.

Four of our planes are missing. A 6,000-ton enemy tanker was torpedoed in the Channel by a Beaufort plane and left sinking while another 3,000-ton ship was set on fire off Norway.

## R.A.F. Offensive Marks First Battle Hitler Did Not Plan To Fight

LONDON, July 17 (Reuter) — The R.A.F. offensive marks the "BATTLE OF GERMANY," the first battle Hitler did not plan to fight, says the NEW YORK TIMES in a leading article today.

"At last we begin to hear of the 'Battle of Germany,'" it writes. "Two things are happening to the Germans. They are expending a staggering amount of military material and trained manpower on an unexpectedly difficult campaign."

"At the same time, German cities, war industries and communication systems are exposed to incessant and apparently effective attack."

"The German on one front and pounding on the other are bound to exhaust the German people and the German machine and the German war effort."

## PERU ACCEPTS MEDIATION

The Peruvian Government has announced its acceptance of the mediation proposal put forward by the United States, Argentina and Brazil, who are mediating in the border dispute between Peru and Ecuador, and has agreed to withdraw its troops 15 kilometers from the frontier, says Reuter.

It has also agreed that a Peruvian and Ecuadorian civil and military commission shall supervise the withdrawal and that military aircraft shall not fly over the frontier and that a peace and friendship pact has been signed between the two countries.

# V.R.C. HAVE LADIES TO THANK FOR THEIR VICTORY OVER LAI TSUN SWIMMING UNION

## Defeat Of Charles Huang Surprise Of The Evening

BY "JIN"

Despite the absence of W. Lawrence, D. H. Taylor and Lutz M. Remedios, three of their male stars, the Victoria Recreation Club managed to beat the Lai Tsun Swimming Union by a margin of 32 points to 23. The home club owed most of their success to their female performers which not only won all their events but broke three Colony's records.

To Miss Vivienne Churn goes the honour of being in 3 record performances during one meet, the 50 yards free-style and two relays. This charming mermaid is undoubtedly the most versatile swimmer in the Colony and would find things pretty easy for her during the coming Championship.

In Celeste Guterres, V.R.C. has another star in the making although in her teens this lassie will bear a lot of watching.

The surprise of the evening was the defeat of Charles Huang (Shanghai long distance title holder) by young Yau Sai Kwah in the 440 yards free-style. This youngster is a protégé of the legless wonder, Chan Chun Nam, and his style is identical to Chan's only he uses his legs in great advantage. Should he improve his form he is expected to beat his coach and trainer, redoubtable Chan.

### ADVANTAGEOUS RULING

The new ruling passed by the V.R.C. Committee of allowing ladies' swimmers an hour every evening to practice in their pool, bore fruit for they possess without a doubt the strongest ladies' team in the Colony.

The team of Misses V. Churn, Jackie Anderson, Celeste Guterres, Ding Lopes, Myra Noronha, Eileen Grant and Y. Yolie comprise the cream of local mermaids.

### WEEKLY DRIPPINGS

Preparations for the Grand Charity Gala of Combined Chinese v. V.R.C.-Y.M.C.A. combined are being taken by both sides. The Chinese have already held their trials and most of their swimmers are chosen. They are confident of victory and I am starting them favourites. The combined European team have been practicing hard and will be holding a trial in the near future.

It is rumoured that Charles Huang, who is connected with the University Union, will be swimming for the Chinese as the University is affiliated to the C.A.A.F.

This will greatly weaken the V.R.C. squad but will make them all the more determined to win.

Owing to volunteer training and manoeuvres the date of the big meet has been postponed from July 26 to August 9.

W. Lawrence, ex-champion, will have recovered from his strain by that date, and will be competing again.

Ng Nin, last year's sensation, is reported to be fit as a fiddle and is hot favourite for a couple of events. His times are much better and his form splendid. This Chinese lad will give the public a few thrills before the year is out.

V.R.C. have a find in Miss Myra Noronha who surprised everyone by placing second in the 50 yards breast stroke last Saturday beating Ko Mui Ling one of the best Chinese breast stroke swimmers. "Keep it up lassie, you may be a Champ yet."

The water-polo match of the Gala will prove a grand finale for the night's entertainment providing the play is not scrappy. The players of both teams are the cream of the Colony's polo-players. For the Europeans are M. M. Soares (Goal), A. J. Hussain and L. A. Benn (Guard), W. Lawrence (Centre), and A. F. May, D. H. Taylor, E. F. Paul (Forwards). The Chinese will have Po King Fook, Li Kai Yeung, H. Wing Lee, Shek Kam Pui, Ng Nin, Chan Sik Pui and Wong Chi Hung.

Mrs. V. Murrell, former British Olympic swimmer, has been coaching the Y.M.C.A. ladies and vast

## LEAGUE TENNIS

### South China Beat Craigengower

At King's Park yesterday, South China A.A. beat Craigengower C.C. by 6½ sets to 2½ in "D" Division of the Tennis League.

C. P. Ip and W. H. Mok (S.C. A.A.) lost to K. M. Au and C. M. Lee 4-6; beat Y. C. Mok and Y. H. Leung 6-2; drew with H. Wong and T. C. Yu 6-6.

H. K. Ho and C. L. Lau (S.C. A.A.) beat Au and Lee 6-3; beat Mok and Leung 6-1; lost to Wong and Yu 3-6.

K. C. Shid and K. C. Wong (S.C. A.A.) beat Au and Lee 6-3; beat Mok and Leung 6-1; beat Wong and Yu 6-4.

### POINTS FOR C.R.C.

Making a visit to Robinson Rd. Chinese Recreation Club beat their hosts, Jewish Recreation Club, by 5½ sets to 3½ in the "D" Division of the tennis league yesterday.

S. Ramler and B. Godkin (J.R.C.) beat C. M. Wong and A. Lau 6-3; lost to C. N. Tsang and T. F. Choy 3-6; beat M. C. Lau and C. T. Tso 6-3.

A. R. Pollak and M. Talan (J.R.C.) lost to Wong and Lui 1-6; lost to Tsang and Choy 1-6; drew with Lau and Tso 6-6.

E. Whitcomb and A. Odell (J.R.C.) lost to Wong and Lui 2-6; lost to Tsang and Choy 1-6; beat Lau and Tso 6-2.

### NEIGHBOURS DRAW

At Sookpoo Army Tennis Club drew with their neighbours, Indian Recreation Club, each annexing 4½ sets.

S/Sgt. Ford and L/Cpl. Stone (A.T.C.) beat M. H. Hassan and G. Singh 7-5; beat M. S. Hussain and M. I. Razack 6-1; beat A. J. Suffad and U. A. Rumjahn 6-2.

S/Sgt. Mitchell and Spr. Elsley (A.T.C.) drew with Hassan and Singh 6-6; lost to Hussain and Razack 4-6; beat Suffad and Rumjahn 6-4.

Sgt. Coughlin and Bdr. Mew (A.T.C.) lost to Hassan and Singh 0-6; lost to Hussain and Razack 3-6; lost to Suffad and Rumjahn 5-7.

### MATCH POSTPONED

The match between Filipino Club and P.O.R.C. (2) was postponed.

Improvements are noticed. Should she decide to enter the Colony's swimming Championships local girls had better watch out.

## DEPUTY DIRECTOR ON 3-DAY BLACK-OUT

### Public Must Learn How To Effectively Shade Premises

"It is better to be inconvenienced for three days than to be caught unprepared should, and when, the real thing comes," said MR. B. H. PUCKIE, D.S.O., Deputy Director of A.R.P., in the course of a special interview yesterday.

"The public must learn how to effectively black-out their premises," went on Mr. Puckie, "and a one-night exercise would be of no use as people would simply shut all their lights and go to sleep—like they used to do when we had the one-night affairs."

"The restaurants, cafes and eating houses would simply put up their shutters and close for the night. But now, with the black-out carried on for three nights running, they have to fit their premises with the necessary black-out curtains and to see to their lights being effectively shaded."

Referring to the numerous complaints published in the local Press on the inconvenience caused by these long exercises, Mr. Puckie said that contrary to what appeared to be the general belief, black-out exercises are not arranged just to cause inconvenience to the public. The Deputy Director of A.R.P. went on to say that a little inconvenience now was decidedly better than being caught unprepared should, and when, an actual air raid occur.

### 100 PER CENT

Questioned as to the results of the previous exercises, Mr. Puckie replied, with pardonable pride,



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## REGULATION OF U.S. BICYCLISTS

CHICAGO.—American cities are steadily increasing their regulation of bicyclists to prevent the hundreds of deaths that occur each year in bicycle accidents, according to the National Safety Council. A survey by the Council in 20 cities which have compulsory bicycle registration plans revealed that in 13 cities the vehicles are inspected, and in 14 examinations and instructions are given to their riders.

## "WHY I TEACH ENGLISH"

### Bishop Song's Talk At Y's Men's Lunch

The study of the English language to a foreign student should be an end in itself, not a means to an end, stated the Rt. Rev. Cheng-tai Song, Bishop of Chengtu, when addressing the Hongkong Y's Men's Club yesterday on the subject, "Why I Teach English."

Bishop Song, who has taught English at the Szechuen and West China Union Universities, said that he had been a teacher of the English language for more than 28 years, and was not tired of it. He regarded this work as a hobby.

There were a number of reasons, Bishop Song said, why he thought his work as an English teacher has always brought very gratifying results. For one thing, English, the most useful of foreign languages, was as a window to the Western world. A Chinese student who mastered it was enlarging his mental horizon and acquiring an opportunity to study a way of life different from that of his own country.

### NEW HORIZON

Teaching English gave him also innumerable opportunities to meet young men who were seeking a new horizon, and these contacts had created for him friends among these young people who were seeking guidance as to what pursuit in life they could most usefully turn their attention to.

His advice to English teachers would be, Bishop Song concluded, that they would not teach the language too many hours a day, lest they become nothing more than an English-teaching machine.

Such an instrument could be of little service to the student who would get the greatest value from contact with a teacher who could give him advice, from and interest.

## TIENTSIN GIRL BACK FROM LECTURE TOUR IN WEST: THE WOMEN OF TODAY

JUST RETURNED TO CHINA AFTER NEARLY THREE YEARS ABROAD IN EUROPE AND AMERICA, A CHARMING YOUNG GIRL, MISS LUCY TOU, OF TIENTSIN, was yesterday excitedly catching up on events in the home country prior to leaving the Colony for Chungking.

Miss Tou has just returned from a publicity mission to the Western World. In the course of a long tour of the Continent and the British Isles, which was interrupted by the outbreak of the European war, she had lectured before women's groups and other organisations on China's struggle against her aggressor.

### WOMEN OF EUROPE

She had spoken a good deal, Miss Tou told a Hongkong Daily Press reporter yesterday, on the part that China's women were playing in this struggle, and European women had listened eagerly to what she had to say, expecting at any moment themselves to be called on to play their part in another theatre of war and hoping that they would be spared the experience.

She was yet marvelling, Miss Tou said, on what she did see, almost a year after her arrival in Europe, of the part that the women of Europe's democracies did play in that struggle they had so anxiously hoped would not come.

Englishwomen had listened eagerly to her stories of China's women, but they spoke little, if at all, of what they themselves expected to do or were ready to do. When the time came, however, for them to be called to duty, they responded to the call with an abundance of any "holse or clatter, ready and efficient, uniformed and at their posts, with the war hardy begun."

### STRIKING PICTURE

The women of Holland presented an even more striking picture of the strength of spirit of a determined people.

"We in China," Miss Tou said,

"are used to war and times of trouble. They had lived for years with their country untouched by war. Yet, they were ready too and played their part when the war reached their country."

Miss Tou is a graduate of Nankai School and Yenching University in Peking. She was in Peking at the time of the Marco Polo incident and was later in Nanking, in the early stages of the war, before going to Europe in August, 1938.

Returned to China, she is anxious to begin immediately a study of the Chinese Industrial Co-operatives movement and is well fitted to this task, being a rural economy major from her university days.

## SPORTING FIXTURES

### SATURDAY, JULY 19

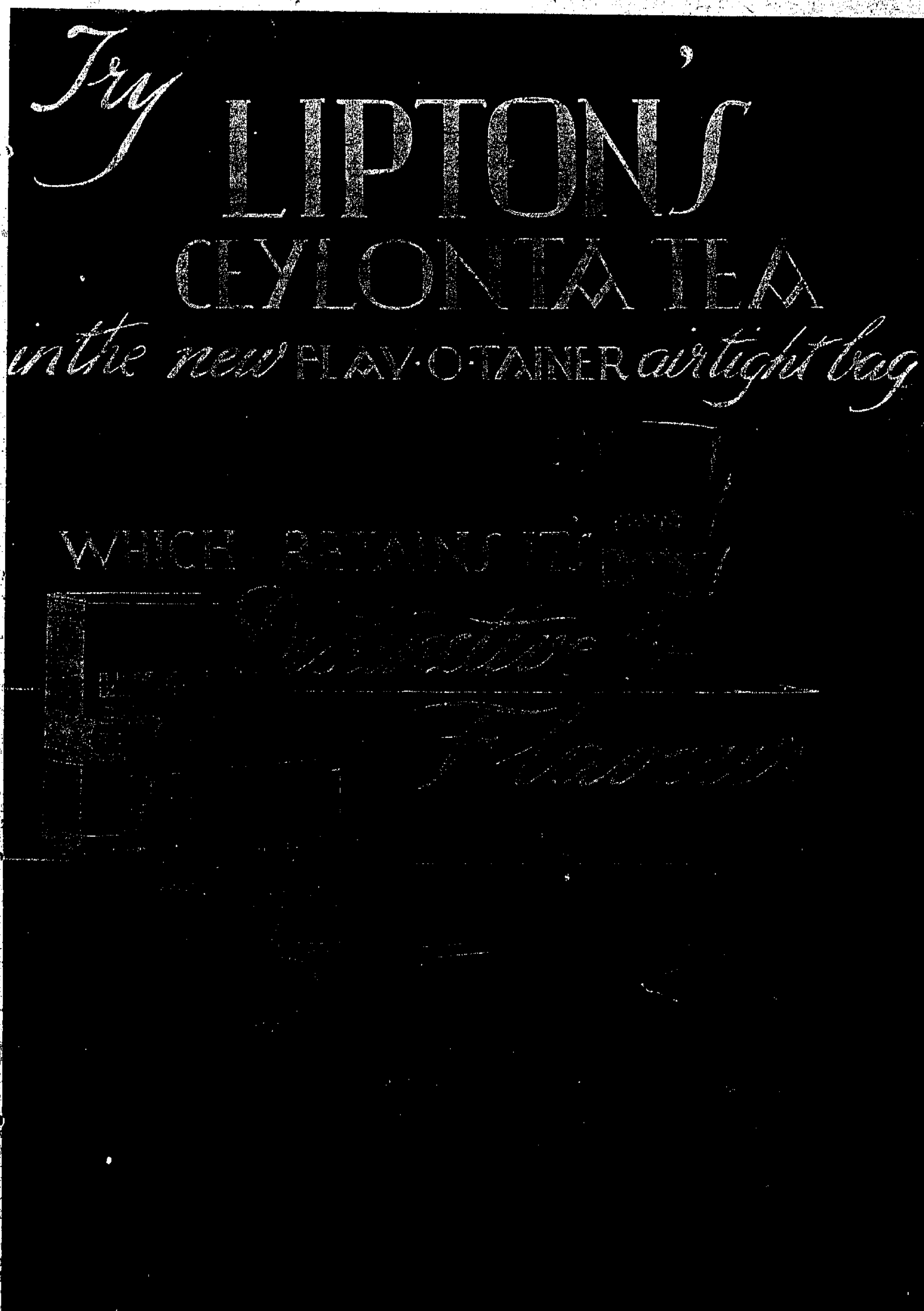
BASEBALL.—South China Athletic Association v. Royal Engineers, 7.15 p.m.; H.B.C. v. U.S.S. Tulsa, 4.30 p.m.

LAWN BOWLS.—First Division. Police R.C. v. Recreation "A" Kowloon C.C. v. Craigengower. Recreation "B" v. Civil Service Kowloon B.C.C. "A" v. Indian R.C. Kowloon B.C.C. "B" v. Kowloon Docks R.C. Second Division: Prison R.C. v. Recreation Kowloon Tong v. Hongkong C.C. Hongkong F.C. v. Kowloon C.C. Craigengower v. Taikee R.C. v. Craigengower. Kowloon F.C. v. Kowloon B.C.C. Recreation v. Hongkong F.C. Hongkong Electric v. Police R.C.

SWIMMING.—Gala at Chinese Bathing Club, 7 p.m.

### SUNDAY, JULY 20

BASEBALL.—U.S.S. Minutemen v. Hongkong Baseball Club, 11 a.m.



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**STARTING SUNDAY: "BAPTISM OF FIRE"** Chinese Picture in Mandarin

## Stowaways Hitch-Hiked 1,000 Miles To Fight

Two Canadian soldiers, hearing Britain was likely to be invaded in the spring, hitch-hiked 1,000 miles and stowed away in a Liverpool-bound Belgian ship to be in the battle.

This was the story told at a court-martial at Borden, Hampshire.

Pte. L. Harding, 25, son of the Rev. George Arthur Harding, vicar of Clayton, Bradford, Yorkshire, and Pte. William Gough, 21, of New York, United States, pleaded guilty to absconding themselves without leave from their unit at Camp Borden, Ontario.

Harding told the court he was in the O.T.C. for four years, was a graduate of Oxford University, and a post-graduate of McGill University, Ontario.

There were strong rumours in Canada of Britain being invaded this spring, and having been told they would not be sent to Britain for another six months, they decided to come so as to be in the battle.

They hitch-hiked from Camp Borden to Halifax, about 1,000 miles, and stowed away in the coal bunker of the Jean Jodot, bound

for Liverpool in convoy. When the boat docked in Liverpool they were handed over to the military authorities.

The defending officer said: "One cannot help admiring the spirit displayed by these fellows to join the rest of us over here."

"They showed initiative, ability, and courage in carrying out such a project, and I wish I had more men like them in my company."

## COMING EVENTS

**JULY**

18—Tides: High 8.54 a.m. and 6.12 p.m. Low: 12.42 a.m. and 11.18 p.m. Sunrise: 6.49 a.m.; Sunset: 8.10 p.m.

St. Paul's Girls' College Speech Day and Prize-Giving, Lee Hysan Hall, 8 p.m.

St. Andrew's Church Wartime Intercession Service, 6.30 p.m.

Cheero Club Darts and Table Tennis.

Lecture: Volunteer Nursing Detachment, St. John's Hall, 5.45 p.m.

Ladies' Working Party (B.W.O.F.), Govt. House, 9 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

All-Hongkong Calligraphy and Art Exhibition, Chinese Y.M.C.A., 10 a.m. to 9 p.m.

19—Tides: High 6.32 a.m. and 7.52 p.m. Low: 1.45 a.m. and 12.13 p.m. Sunrise: 6.48 a.m.; Sunset: 8.10 p.m.

Claims against Estate of late R. L. D. Woodhouse due.

Diocesan Meeting of St. John's Cathedral, Dr. Utley's House, Kowloon Hospital, 3 p.m.

St. Mary's Church Hall, Concert.

Lecture: Dr. Cliff on "Prophecy," 77 Potfulum Road, 2nd floor, 8.30 p.m.

All-Hongkong Calligraphy and Art Exhibition, Chinese Y.M.C.A., 10 a.m. to 9 p.m.

Scholarship Examination, St. Stephen's College, 9 a.m.

Lawn Bowls League, 3 p.m.

Baseball League Matches, Chat-ham Road.

Chinese Bathing Club Gala, 7 p.m.

20—Tides: High 7.14 a.m. and 9.14 p.m. Low: 2.23 p.m.

Sunrise: 6.49 a.m.; Sunset: 8.10 p.m.

Baseball League.

Lawn Bowls League.

Y.M.C.A. Discussion Group, 9 p.m.

21—Tides: High 7.41 a.m. and 9.59 p.m. Low: 1.07 a.m. and 2.12 p.m.

Sunrise: 6.50 a.m.; Sunset: 8.09 p.m.

Criminal Sessions, Supreme Court, 10 a.m.

Ladies' Working Party (B.W.O.F.), Govt. House, 9 a.m.—12 noon.

Appeal for Funds for Orthopaedic Centres in Free China, H.K. Hotel, 4.30 p.m.

22—Tides: High 8.23 a.m. and 10.23 p.m. Low: 1.57 a.m. and 3.49 p.m.

Sunrise: 6.50 a.m.; Sunset: 8.09 p.m.

Rotary Club Tiffin, Hongkong Hotel, 1 p.m.

Consecration of the very Rev. J. I. Wilson, M.A., as Bishop of Singapore, St. John's Cathedral, 5.30 p.m.

St. Andrew's Club Badminton.

23—Tides: High 9.01 a.m. and 11.03 p.m. Low: 2.37 a.m. and 4.28 p.m.

Sunrise: 6.51 a.m.; Sunset: 8.08 p.m.

Ladies' Working Party (B.W.O.F.), Govt. House, 9 a.m.—12 noon.

24—Tides: High 9.37 a.m. and 11.34 p.m. Low: 3.19 a.m. and 5.04 p.m.

Sunrise: 6.51 a.m.; Sunset: 8.08 p.m.

H.K. Y's Men's Club Tiffin Meeting, 1 p.m.

Annual General Meeting of Peak Club, 5.45 p.m.

## £50,000 PRESENT FOR GREEK BABY

A photograph of a vigorously kicking baby boy being lowered into a silver font in the Greek Cathedral in London travelled 10,000 miles before it reached his father in Athens.

The baby is three-months-old Axel Christopher John Bulgardes-Alhadeff, son of a distinguished Greek actress, now in London, and a wealthy Greek banker.

His father has given him a christening present of £50,000, but has not seen him.

So, from London to New York, thence by cable to Athens, go pictures of his son and of the ceremony which the Greek Archbishop Germanos performed on Mar. 30.

Axel Christopher John behaved through the long ceremony—which involved his being completely undressed, immersed in the font, anointed with oil, carried in procession—as if he knew what a lucky baby he is. He never whimpered, never protested once.

"Perhaps he knows what a wonderful present his father has sent him," Mme. Bulgardes-Alhadeff, who is ash-blond and very beautiful, said afterwards.

"My husband cabled me that he has deposited the £50,000 in a separate account, ready for baby when he comes of age."

Mme. Bulgardes-Alhadeff came to England last May to appear in a film of the life of Catherine the Great.

"I did not expect my baby then, so I was ready to start the film," she said. "When I knew Axel was to be born I could not return to Athens, and my husband has been tied down by business."

Two nurses carried Axel into the Greek Cathedral in a basket cradle. He was wrapped in quilted silk. Incense was burning. Candles flickered.

The Greek Naval Attaché in London, Captain P. Matsas, with two rows of ribbons on his uniform, took the baby and carried him to the white-haired, magnificently robed Archbishop.

The Archbishop gently lowered the child into the great silver font. He then took the baby in his arms and kissed him on the forehead. In the warm and hushed holy

## Radio Programmes

### HONGKONG

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**B** metres (645 k.c.s.) 21.49  
**W** metres (833 megacycles).

### RELAY OF TALK FROM LONDON ON MARSHAL CHIANG KAI-SHEK

Portuguese Programme

12.15 p.m. Short Service of Intercession.

12.30 Film Selections.

"Honolulu" — This Night "Kahn-Warren"; "The Lady Objects" — A Mist Is Over The Moon (Oakland); Leslie Hutchinson (Piano). Thanks A Million — Selection — Intro: Thanks A Million; Sugar Plum, I'm Sitting High On A Hill-top; "Coronado" — Intro: I've Got My Fingers Crossed; All's Well; You Took My Breath Away — Carroll Gibbons (Piano) and his Boyfriends; "Shipyard Sally" — Danny Boy — Grade Fields (Soprano) with Orchestra. "That Girl From Paris" — Love and Learn (Schwartz); "Head Over Heels" — I'm Looking Around Corners For You (Gordon) — Sidney Torch (Organ). "Everything Happens To Me" — Everything Happens To Me — At The Bathing Parade (Gordon-Miller) — Max Miller with Orchestra.

1.00 Local Time Signal and Programme Summary.

1.02 A Light Irish Programme.

St. Patrick's Night (Paddy O'Brien gives a Party) — Irish Jig — The Irish Washerwoman; Eileen Oge; When you first said you loved me; Mrs. McGrath the Sergeant said; Savourneen Delish; Believe Me, if all those endearing young charms; A Jug of Punch; Irish Reel, The Rakes of Mal-low — Paddy O'Brien (Vocal) w. Orch. Medley of Hornpipes — The Leinster Echo; The Honey-suckle; The Star Hornpipe — Sean Nolan (Violin) with piano. The Mountains o' Mourne (French-Collinson); Phil The Fluter's Ball (French) — Peter Dawson (Vocal) with Orchestra. Rakes of Connell; Jig, Mason's Apron — Reel — Frank Murphy (Accordion) with piano. The Bear Little Shamrock (Jackson); Danny Malone (Tenor) with organ.

1.30 Reuter and Supply Press and Announcements.

1.45 Popular Ballads.

Love Sends A Little Gift — Of Roses (Openshaw); Beauty's Eyes (Tosti); Alfred Picaver (Tenor) w. piano. Sanctuary (The Little Old Garden) (Herwitz); Just For Today (Seaver); Essie Ackland (Contralto) with organ. Oh, Promise Me (Scott-de Koven); Nelson Eddy (Baritone) with Orch.

2.00 F. Fletcher — Sylvan Scenes Suite.

In Beauty's Bower — Sylvia Dances — the Fool of Narcissus — Cupid's Carnival — The London Palladium Orchestra cond. by Clifford Greenwood.

2.15 Close Down.

6.00 Indian Programme.

6.45 Closing Local Stock Quotations.

6.47 The New Mayfair Orchestra.

A Vision Of Spring — Intro: Spring Song — O That We Two Were May-ing; A Spring Morning — Come Lassies and Lads — Spring's Awakening — Now The Day Is Over. Erik Charell's "White Horse Inn" — Selection. Love Tales — Selection of celebrated Love Songs. Jerome Kern Melodies — Intro: There's A Hill Beyond a Hill; Blue Eyes; Dancing Time; Look For The Silver Lining; She Didn't say Yes; Whose Baby Are You. (Arr. Henry Hall).

7.15 Student Songs.

There Is A Tavern In The Town; Vive La Compagnie — When Johnny Comes Marching Home — Harold Williams (Vocal) w. B.B.C. Male Chorus with piano. Riding Down From Fancor — Solomon Levi (Traditional); Raymond Newell (Baritone) & B.B.C. Chorus with piano. John Peel (Traditional); Harold Williams (Baritone) and B.B.C. Male Chorus with piano.

7.30 Portuguese Programme.

8.00 London — The News.

8.15 London — War Commentary.

8.25 London — Listening Post.

Examination of Points in Daily German Propaganda.

8.30 Programme Summary.

8.32 Compositions of Eric Coates.

Springtime Suite — Fresh Morning (Pastorale); Noonday Song (Romance); Dance in the Twilight (Valse) — Light Symphony Orchestra cond. by Coates. Because I Miss You So — Hubert Elsdell (Tenor) w. piano. London Again Suite — Langham Place; Oxford Street — The London Palladium Orchestra cond. by Richard Cream.

Bird Songs at Eventide — Georges Tz-pine (Violin) with Grand Organ of the Gaumont Palace.

8.00 Local Time Signal and Announcements.

9.02 An Hour of Classical Requests.

Introduction and Rondo Capriccioso (Saint-Saens, Op. 28) — Alfredo Campoli (Violin) and the London Symphony Orchestra. Sonata in C Sharp Minor — "Moonlight" (Beethoven — Op. 27); Adagio sostenuto — Allegretto — Presto agitato — Egon Petri (Piano). "Cavalleria Rusticana" — O. Rejtoice that the Lord has Risen (Mascagni); Della Sanzio (Soprano) Olga De Franco (Con.) and Members of La Scala Orchestra and Chorus. Milan. Concerto for Trumpet and Orchestra (Haydn); Andante — Rondo — George Eskdale (Trumpet) & Symphony Orchestra. Rondo A Capriccio in G Major, Op. 129 (Beethoven) — Alexander Brailowsky (Piano). Plaisir D'Amour (Maurini) — Yvonne Prin-temps (Soprano) w. piano. The Spinning Song (from "The Flying Dutchman" — Wagner) — Eileen Joyce (Piano). Hungarian Rhapsody, No. 2 (Liszt) — Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra cond. by Leopold Stokowski.

9.45 — 10.00 News in French (on Short Wave Only).

10.00 London — The News and News Commentary.

10.15 Dance Music, with Variety.

Fox-Trots — The Badge From "You Coat; Down Every Street — Lew Stone and his Band. Vocal — Perhaps; Love at Last (Both from film "Nice Girl") — Deanna Durbin (Soprano) with Charles Previn and his Orchestra. Swing — Brother Jack; All The Things You Are — Hatchett's Swing-tette. Vocal — That's For Me; Rhythm On The River (Both from film "Rhythm on the River") — Bing Crosby with instrumental accompaniment. Cuban Guajira — Amor De Guajiro; Congo; Cuba — Enric Madriguera & his Orch. Vocal — I Don't Want To Cry Any More; Ain't It A Shame About Marie (from "Rhythm on the River") — Mary Martin (Vocal) with Victor Young & his Orchestra. Waltz — Purple Hills of Hawaii; Fox-Trot — Ka-Lua — Harry Owens and his Royal Hawaiians.

11.00 London — "Makers of History."

Talk on Marshal Chiang Kai-shek.

11.15 Close Down.

### 2.00 F. Fletcher — Sylvan Scenes Suite.

In Beauty's Bower — Sylvia Dances — the Fool of Narcissus — Cupid's Carnival — The London Palladium Orchestra cond. by Clifford Greenwood.

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# PARTY INFLUENCE IN JAPANESE POLITICS IS WIPED OUT BY THE NEW DEVELOPMENT

## Resignation Of The Cabinet Came As A Bombshell

TOKYO, July 17 (Reuter).—The outstanding events in Japan's history during the year-long tenure of Prince Konoye's cabinet included, firstly, the dissolution of all political Parties in the movement for the inauguration of a totalitarian national structure which resulted in the creation of the National Service Association.

Secondly, the conclusion of the Tripartite Alliance which bound together Japan with Germany and Italy.

Thirdly, the signature of the basis of the Sino-Japanese Treaty with the Nanking Government headed by President Wang Ching-wei on November 30 last year.

Fourthly, the conclusion of a Neutrality Pact with the Soviet Union on April 13 while the Foreign Minister, Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, was en route home after his state visits to Berlin and Rome.

The new development wipes out the last vestiges of the political parties' influence in Japanese politics.

Mr. Fusanosuke Kuhara, former President of the Kuhara faction of the Seiyukai Party, has resigned his post as member of the Cabinet Advisory Council which he had held since December, 1939.

The Government formally accepted Mr. Kuhara's resignation, which was handed in at 3 p.m. to the Premier.

Mr. Kuhara said: "As an old guard member of a political party my presence on the Cabinet Advisory Council is not in keeping with the new structure movement."

### KUHARA D'SATISFIED

Mr. Kuhara said he was dissatisfied with the liquidated political parties still wielding influence.

He felt called upon to resign since he joined the Cabinet Council as president of the Kuhara faction.

He declared his conviction that Japan in the present emergency must follow a course neither patterned after American Democracy nor totalitarianism modelled upon the German pattern but a policy based on total co-operation of the people.

He said that in order to realise this ideal it was necessary immediately to eliminate all disunited political activities as at present there was no room left in Japan for individual political groups attempt to assert their power.

### GOVERNMENT DIVIDED

LONDON, July 17 (Reuter).—It is generally believed that the Japanese Government have been sharply divided as to what is to be done in view of the German invasion of Russia, says Reuter's Far East expert and former editor of the N. C. D. News.

The extremist party led by Mr. Matsuoka, the Foreign Minister, and General Tojo, Minister for War, are believed to have strongly

urged that Japan seize the opportunity for further expansion in Indo-China.

On the other hand, the more moderate politicians led by Baron Hiranuma, Minister for the Interior, who is known for his cautiousness and strength of mind, and who was brought into the Cabinet by Prince Konoye last December in order to support him against the extremists, is believed to have favoured a watchful policy until events in Europe should be more clear.

### BIG BUSINESS

This section of the Government is believed to be strongly supported by big business in Japan which is becoming very nervous at the strain on Japanese finances and her economic position due to the war in China.

While the reasons for the resignation of the Japanese Government must be speculation at present, it seems that the probable division of opinion between the two factions was so acute that the extremists, led by the Army, forced the resignation in the hope of carrying their policy with the new government.

### BASIC POLICIES

TOKYO, July 17 (Reuter).—Following the resignation of the Cabinet, authoritative Government circles state that there will be no change in the Government's basic policies in either the domestic or international field.

### WASHINGTON QUIET

WASHINGTON, July 17 (Reuter).—Members of the State Department refused to comment on the Japanese Cabinet resignation pending further details.

Mr. Sumner Welles, Under-Secretary of State, told a Press conference that he had received no official information yet.

It is generally believed that the conservative business group has forced out the Army-controlled Government and if so, this could be of extreme importance to America, according to officials. It is stated here that President Roosevelt had hoped that this

## INDIAN TRIBUTE TO INSPIRING LEADERSHIP OF MR. CHURCHILL

MADRAS, July 17 (Reuter).—A tribute to the inspiring leadership of the British Premier and the foresight and resourcefulness of President Roosevelt, was paid by Sir Shammur Khan Chetty, head of the Indian Purchasing Mission to America, speaking at a luncheon here yesterday.

He said he would do all in his power to make the best use of the opportunity to help the war efforts in which two hemispheres were united today with the object of destroying the forces of evil abroad in the world.

He expressed firm belief that ultimately virtue must triumph and evil be destroyed.

**MISAPPREHENSION CLEARED**  
Referring to the Lease and Lend Act he cleared misapprehensions that he was going to leave out to America anything belonging to India.

He asserted he would have nothing to lease on his part. It was for America to lease and lend and he was hoping he would succeed in invoking the aid of that Act and in getting materials for India.

## CLOSURE OF THE "BLACK CHAPTER"

LONDON, July 17 (Reuter).—The Minister of Labour, Mr. Ernest Bevin, declared yesterday that he hoped Hitler's attack on Russia might lead to the closing up of the "black chapter of ostracism and misunderstanding which has gone on since the last war."

Mr. Bevin, who was speaking at the opening of the "more women for a work" campaign said: "The Russo-German war might well bring orientation. Russia, with the British Commonwealth, might be a great contributing factor to a 100 years of peace in the world if only we handle the situation right, with imagination and tolerance."

"Equally, on their side, the Russians will learn, as they are learning now, that whatever they said about us, when the hour of trial came we did not hesitate."

"We did not hold against them propaganda or anything that had occurred in the past."

might sometime occur and had therefore, avoided any serious break with Japan in recent weeks.

**CHANGE IN ATTITUDE**  
Japanese business circles are inclined to be more friendly to America, and less anxious to co-operate with the Axis.

The firm policy of Britain and American in the Pacific is believed to have upset Japanese foreign policy in some degree in the view of some observers here.

The Russo-British pact has also proved an embarrassment to Japan, causing some popular discontent which has possibly strengthened the hands of the business group.

## SUCCESSFUL BRITISH RAID ON AN ENEMY CONVOY OFF THE TRIPOLITANIAN COAST

CAIRO, July 17 (Reuter).—The R.A.F. Middle East command issued yesterday says: "Early this morning, Bomber Command aircraft successfully attacked a convoy of enemy shipping off the Tripolitanian coast. Two heavy bombs struck an 8,000 ton vessel amidships and completely destroyed it, and another was damaged in the bows by a direct hit."

"Enemy aircraft which attempted to drop bombs on British merchant vessels off the Libyan coast, yesterday were engaged by R.A.F. fighters and six Junkers 87's and one Messerschmitt 109 were shot down."

"During the night of July 14-15, a heavy bomber attacked and destroyed enemy-occupied Alexandria, a light bomber was shot down near El Alamein and a Messerschmitt 109 was shot down near El Alamein."

"A number of enemy aircraft flew over the Suez Canal area last night. One came down and was shot down near Port Said."

"During the same night, heavy bombers of the R.A.F. carried out a highly successful attack on docks and other military objectives at Messina. Several tons of high explosives and incendiary bombs were dropped on the docks and a number of large fires and explosions resulted."

"Shelling results were reported from the other two objectives."

## Mr. A. V. Alexander Warns Threat Of Invasion Remains

LONDON, July 17 (Reuter).—Speaking at a London luncheon yesterday Mr. A. V. Alexander, First Lord of the Admiralty, said that there was no justification for anything but grim determination to face the possibility of a long war, with the grimmest part yet to come.

The threat of invasion remained. The call for a yet greater and more intense national effort remained as dominant and insistent as ever.

"It is on the Atlantic that our life depends, and if we defeat the U-boat and long-range aircraft, our strength will steadily become overwhelming."

"As to the defeat of the U-boats, I am not going to give you facts and figures for which the enemy intelligence would pay many thousands of pounds. I, however, will tell you that during a recent period I received a series of reports that would encourage any First Sea Lord."

### "EASY WICKET"

"There is another thing I can tell you. There is a room at the Admiralty containing a number of highly sceptical—I can almost say cynical—officers who refuse to accept any doubtful claims of the destruction of U-boats."

"The gentleman who had the job of passing a camel through the eye of a needle was on an easy wicket compared with the captains of our little ships who hopefully report an attack on a U-boat. When I am informed by the staff that a U-boat has been destroyed, I know there can be no shadow of doubt that she is in 'Davy Jones' locker."

"I am certain that there are many more which do not get back to Germany and Italy. Recent enemy shipping losses have been highly satisfactory."

### SIGNIFICANT EVENT

"The American move into Iceland was a most significant event," Mr. Alexander added. "I am certain, myself, that by this action the United States will be able to fulfil her declared intention of protecting the western hemisphere more efficiently."

The First Sea Lord said that he read the American Press in cable form each morning because he regarded it with such importance. One description of the occupation of Iceland giving the meeting of the Americans and British, said that the British knew the Americans were soldiers after their own hearts and had been ordered to see that armaments arrived safely, and that the Americans knew they were meeting men who knew how to use that armament and who were not going to stop until the world's enemy was beaten so completely that he would never again cause trouble."

### CHINESE ENVOYS

LISBON, July 17 (Reuter).—Chinese diplomatic and consular staffs are returning home immediately from Axis countries on orders of the Chinese Government following the announcement of recognition by Germany, Italy and Rumania of the Japanese-sponsored Government of Nanking.

Thirty-four Chinese envoys are expected here in a few days from Berlin while 18 more are expected from Rome.

LONDON, July 17 (Reuter).—No mail destined for the British Empire can be sent from Sweden, according to a statement by the Swedish Post Office quoted by Stockholm radio yesterday. This is due to the Russo-German war which has meant the diversion of Swedish outgoing mail via Germany.

## NAZI TRANSPORT SERVICES IN BALTIC UPSET

LONDON, July 17 (Reuter).—The Russo-German war has greatly upset Germany's transport services in the Baltic and on the Danube. An official of the Ministry for Economic Warfare said that the train-ferry service between Sassnitz and the Swedish port of Tralleborg had been suspended.

Russian naval activity make it probable that the Germans will try to transfer their Baltic transport to Hamburg and Bremen and possibly to the Dutch port of Delfzijl.

The port of Constanza has been put out of action, upsetting traffic from Rumania through the Dardanelles, and the Germans are forced to ship goods from the Bulgarian port of Burgas and thence through the Dardanelles, or else by rail to Salonika.

The closing to Germans of the trans-Siberian railway is one of the most important factors of this new phase of the war.

## GERMAN ACTIVITY IN AFRICA

LONDON, July 17 (Reuter).—German activity at French naval bases in Africa is, so far as is known, confined to those on the north and northwest African coasts, said Lord Moyne, replying to the Labour peer, Lord Strabolgi, in the House of Lords yesterday.

This activity is concentrated in the delegation of the German Armistice Commission and no doubt is as widely extended as they can induce the French authorities to allow.

The Government has no knowledge that there is a delegation of the Armistice Commission at Dakar and no evidence that enemy submarines are using any French African bases.



We have received a new stock of Gentlemen's

Light-weight

## RAINCOATS

in all sizes from 30" to 46". They can be supplied with or without a belt.

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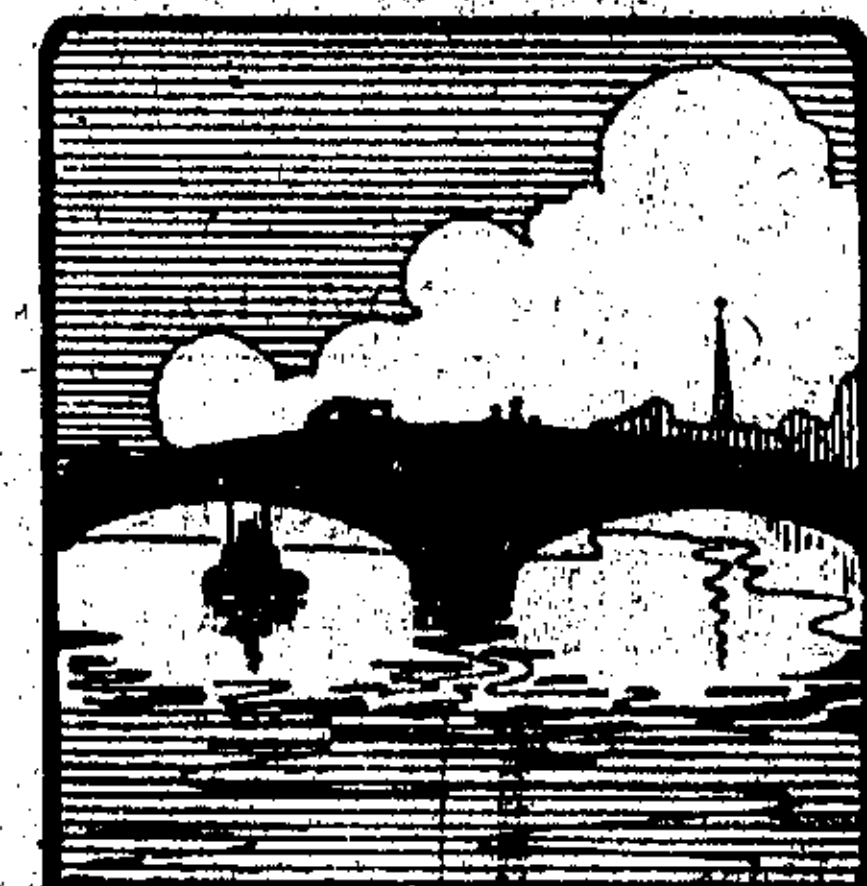
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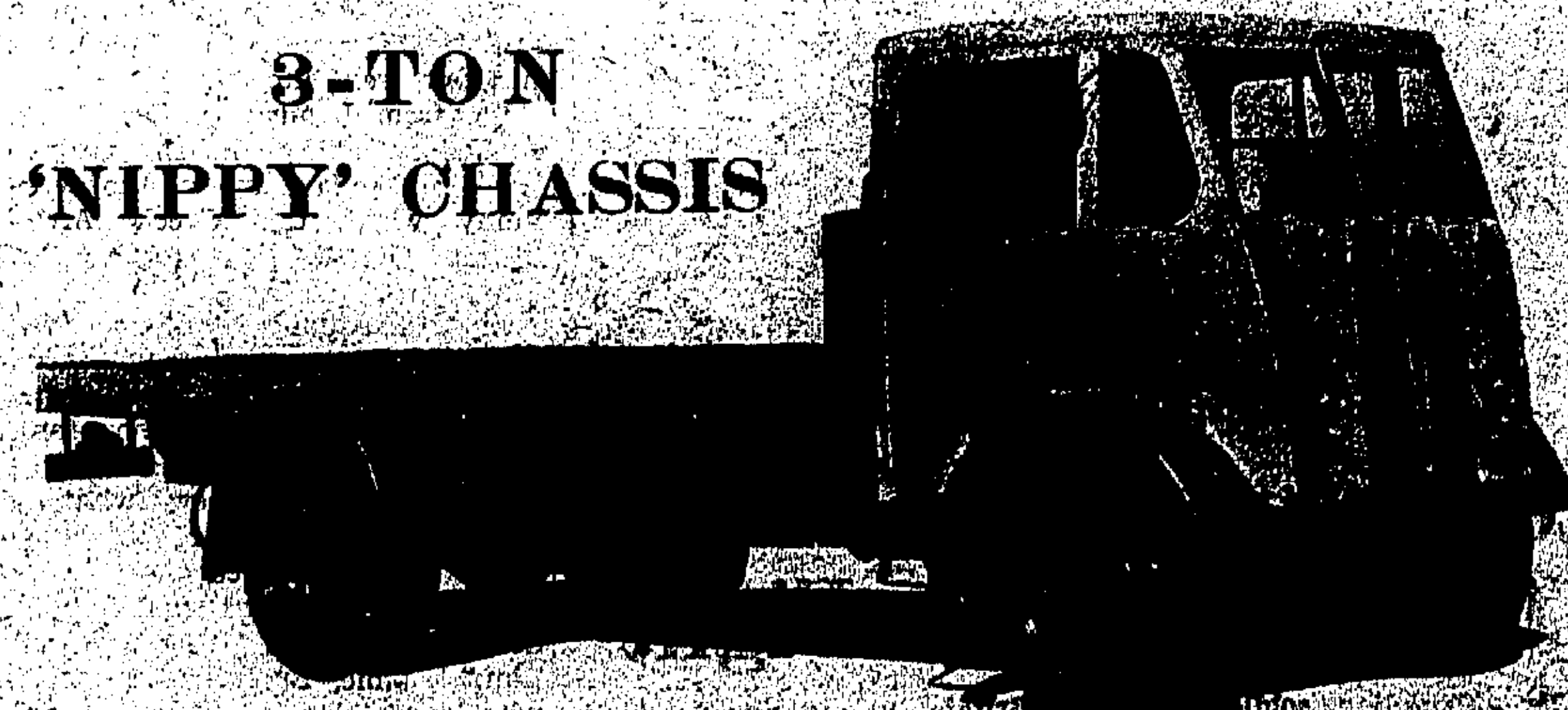
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OPENS TO-DAY AT THE LEE THEATRE

# APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO AGAINST CONVICTION FOR MANSLAUGHTER IS REFUSED

## Shooting On Wharf In Canton Recalled

Sentenced to four years' hard labour at the May Criminal Sessions by the Chief Justice when found guilty of manslaughter, MOHAMED, 22, Indian guard employed by Messrs. Butterfield and Swire (Canton), brought an application for leave to appeal against his conviction and sentence on the grounds that there was insufficient evidence to bring in a verdict of guilty of manslaughter and that the trial judge had failed to direct the jury on the question of manslaughter.

The application was heard in the Full Court of Appeal, comprising the Puisne Judge, Mr. Justice P. E. F. Cressall, and Mr. Justice J. A. Fraser, who held that there had not been any miscarriage of justice and refused the application.

Mohamed was charged with the murder of a hawk, Kwok Man, at the B and S wharf at Pak Hin Hok Canton, on May 22 last year. The jury returned a unanimous verdict of Not Guilty of the charge of murder but found Mohamed guilty of manslaughter by a majority of five to two.

Mr. H. W. Lee, instructed by Mr. M. A. da Silva, appeared for the appellant, while Mr. E. H. Williams, Crown Counsel, was for the Crown.

### THE EVIDENCE

Dealing with the evidence adduced by the prosecution, Mr. Lee said applicant searched a man going on to the wharf and, suspecting him of having contraband goods, attempted to arrest him. This man ran away and a considerable hue and cry was raised by Mohamed chasing him. The Crown alleged that having chased the man to a lighter some distance away, appellant took out his revolver and deliberately shot him dead.

Evidence given by prisoner, said Mr. Lee, was the only evidence adduced for the defence and differed in two points. He said it was his duty to search for contraband and when the man ran away he gave chase. He lost sight of the man in the crowd and, feeling that the crowd was hostile he fired two shots in the air. He ran to a lighter where he fired two

doubt that the act was illegal but it was his submission that there was no evidence to support such a conclusion. The prosecution, Mr. Lee went on, made no attempt to discharge their onus of proof of the illegality of search and, to his mind, there was not strong enough evidence to prove the illegality of the act.

Continuing, Mr. Lee said that it seemed to him that there might have been sufficient evidence from which to return a verdict of guilty of murder but there was not sufficient evidence to justify returning a verdict of guilty of manslaughter.

Mr. Williams, replying, said that it was well-known that juries generally took a merciful view of such cases. They might have found in favour of the appellant on the point of provocation and not on the legality or illegality of his act.

### JUDGES RULING

Refusing the application, Mr. Justice Cressall said:—

"As I understand it the argument of Counsel for the Applicant is that while there might have been sufficient evidence before the jury to justify a verdict of murder the fact remains that there was not sufficient evidence to return a verdict of manslaughter. He also points out that the learned Trial Judge had failed to direct the jury on the question of manslaughter. The Trial Judge, however, did direct the jury on the set of circumstances upon which they could return a verdict of manslaughter. He did not, it is true, actually draw their attention to the question of provocation, but that in our opinion is immaterial because the fact that he did not direct the jury on each and other hypothetical cases of what is and is not manslaughter does not prevent the jury from returning a verdict of manslaughter if the evidence supports such a verdict."

His Lordship concluded by saying that there had not been any miscarriage of justice and therefore the application must be refused.

## ROUND THE POLICE COURTS AT CENTRAL

### DEFENDANTS REMANDED

Pang Tim, 42, broker, and Ho So, 27, boatman, were remanded until tomorrow for further enquiries by Mr. H. G. Sheldon, K. C., yesterday on a charge of conspiring to steal a cheque for \$4,500 of the Man Cheong Bank, the property of Wong Yick-sam, junk owner, of No. 23, Connaught Road West.

Both defendants entered a plea of not guilty. Det. Sgt. J. Bentley is in charge of the case.

### STREET SLEEPER VICTIMISED

Before Mr. Sheldon yesterday Chan Shu-ho, 30, was charged with stealing from the person of Wong Fuk, 59, street sleeper, a purse containing four cents in Hongkong money and 12 Chinese copper cents at Connaught Road West, near Eastern Street, at 3 a.m. on July 17.

Defendant was sentenced to two months' hard labour.

### HAWKER REWARDED

A street hawker was rewarded \$10 by the Police for helping in the arrest of an alleged snatcher.

This was revealed by Sgt. W. J. Wah before Mr. G. T. Lowry yesterday, when Tsau Yim, 38, coolie, was sentenced to eight months' hard labour for larceny of \$700 Chinese currency from the person of a 43-year-old amah, So King, of No. 42, Conduit Road, at Peel Street, near Robinson Road, on July 16.

Defendant admitted two previous convictions.

### RECEIVING CHARGE

Further hearing of the committal proceedings in which Chui Wan-cheung alias Chui Kal, 40, was charged with receiving 383 bags of fertilizer, three bicycles, a bag of sugar and 32 tins of matches, knowing same to be stolen or unlawfully obtained, on May 30, was adjourned to July 24 by Mr. Anderson yesterday.

Accused was further charged with receiving junk No. T3606H, a quantity of clothing, and 40 bags of beans, 20 drums of soda and one case of medicine, knowing same to have been stolen or unlawfully obtained, on May 30.

Mr. C. D'Almeida represented accused, while Det. Sub. Insp. A. F. Estall, assisted by Sgt. W. J. D. Cameron, prosecuted.

### FRUIT SHOP FINED

Tsang Pui-kwan, 40, of the Ching Hong fruit shop at No. 337 Nathan Road, was summoned before Mr. Macnamara yesterday for opening his shop after the closing hour of 8 p.m. and fined \$75.

Sgt. J. Whitcroft stated that defendant had a previous conviction for a similar offence and on June 24 at 4.30 a.m. he saw the shop in question still open and two customers were buying things from the shop.

### FALSE PRETENCES

Choi Kam-chau, 17, described as a messenger boy employed at Messrs. Gilman and Company, was bound over in the sum of \$50 for one year by Mr. Sheldon yesterday for obtaining a monthly tram ticket by false pretences at the Hongkong Tramways' town office in Gloucester Arcade on July 2.

Mr. W. A. Mackinlay appeared for the prosecution, while Det. Sgt. J. Bentley was present for the Police.

It had been stated at the original hearing that a Mr. Russell went to renew his ticket. After paying 6d. he left the premises for a short while, and when he returned, he found out that his ticket had been taken by someone.

Defendant was arrested a few days later using the ticket.

### NOT A WOMAN!

When being referred to as a woman in a case before Mr. Sheldon yesterday a female protested that she was not a woman, but a girl.

The case was one in which Ng Kam, 17, unemployed, was charged with stealing from the person of Tsau Fuk-yao, 24, female, of No. 6A, High Street, second floor, a straw handbag containing 55 cents and a brooch to the total value of \$1.40 at Queen's Road West on July 14.

At the moment Sgt. J. Roberts, who prosecuted, said: "This is the woman in the case complained of by the female."

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## PRESENTATION OF CERTIFICATES, PRIZES AT NORTHCOTE TRAINING COLLEGE

### Need For Practical School Stressed By Mr. D. J. Sloss

PRESENTING CERTIFICATES AND PRIZES TO SUCCESSFUL STUDENTS AT NORTHCOTE TRAINING COLLEGE yesterday, Mr. D. J. Sloss, Vice-Chancellor of the University, said that he would take the opportunity afforded him by the occasion to publicly congratulate Mr. C. G. Sallis, the Director of Education, on the persistent manner in which he had fought for the erection of the Training College.

What was, yet needed, Mr. Sloss said, was an addition to the College in the form of a practical school where students could take classes under supervision of special lecturers and instructors. He had no doubt that Mr. Sallis would try equally hard to obtain this much-needed extension.

Among those present at the distribution of prizes were Mr. Sallis, Director of Education, Mr. H. G. Wallington, Principal of King's College, Mr. M. G. O'Connor, Principal of Queen's College, Miss Bascombe, Principal of the Bellios Public School, the Rev. E. W. L. Martin, Warden of St. Stephen's College, Professor Chow Shue-ning, of the Ministry of Education, Chungking, Professor Y. K. Chu, Dean of Lingnan University, Dr. Liang Shao-wen and many others.

### PRINCIPAL'S REPORT

In presenting his annual report, Mr. T. O. Rowell, Principal of the Training College, said:—

Mr. Sloss, Mr. Sallis, Ladies and Gentlemen:—

This occasion marks a real milestone in the history of the Northcote Training College. For the first time our students are going out into the world as teachers after having spent two years in preparation for it. I will first present a brief report on the activities of the college during the year.

The highest number on the roll was 84, but this dwindled to 79 by the end of the year. The numbers were divided as 46 in the first year and 38 in the second year in September last, and 42 and 37 at the end of the session. The college was open on 287 days and attendance on the whole was not spoiled by illness.

The staff consists of the Principal and 14 lecturers together with some 30 visiting lecturers drawn from Government schools and the

## JUBILEE OF CHINESE SAPPERS

The programme in connexion with the jubilee celebration of the Chinese Section of the Fortress Royal Engineers on August 1, will include a parade at 8 a.m. at Murray Parade Ground, at which the salute will probably be taken by His Excellency the Governor, a swimming gala in the afternoon at the Army Pool and a dinner in the evening at Wellington Barracks.

Chinese Members of Councils and other prominent Chinese residents of the Colony will be guests.

It was on Aug. 1, 1891 that the first Chinese Sapper was attested. He was Cheong So, who died about seven years ago. There are at present over 200 Chinese Sappers.

The Military Authorities state that recruiting has never been difficult. Recruiting arrangements were originally all regimental, but a Command Board has been formed recently to recruit both for the Royal Engineers and the Royal Artillery, which also enlists Chinese.

organised dances, debates, games and several successful dinner parties. They have also entertained students from some of the Chinese Universities in Hongkong and also the local committee of the Hongkong Branch of the China Education Society.

I sincerely hope that those students who have completed their two years' training will continue to be members of the association until such times as their numbers become big enough to form a separate association of their own.

During the year there have been lectures by outside professors of Hongkong and Lingnan Universities and we are greatly indebted to Mr. L. Lee, Professor of Chinese, Dr. Y. K. Chu, Professor of Chinese, and Mr. Y. K. Chu, Professor of Chinese, for their valuable assistance.

Continued Page 1, Col. 1

1941

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### AT KOWLOON

#### EMBEZZLER GAOLED

Lin Kong, 34, salesman, of No. 502 Shanghai Street, third floor, was sentenced to three months' hard labour by Mr. D. J. N. Anderson yesterday when he was charged with fraudulently embezzling \$33 from Cheung Hon-chi, 67, manager of the Tak Tai shop, No. 618 Shanghai Street, ground floor on July 8.

Sub. Insp. T. Collins prosecuting, stated that accused was employed

Continued Page 1, Col. 1

## MORE SPIES IN U.S.

Explosives and subversive activities are engaging more people in the United States than in the last war, according to a report by the state Department to the Senate Judiciary Committee.

This was revealed when the committee was considering the approval of legislation empowering the President to screen aliens.

## Battalion Of German Tanks Retreating From Rogatchev Surrounded And Destroyed

ZURICH, July 17 (Reuter).—It is admitted in Berlin that the Germans are meeting "extremely heavy Russian resistance and strong counter-attacks," writes the Neue Zürcher Zeitung, the Swiss newspaper.

Meanwhile the latest Russian communique states: "When our troops approached an aerodrome, eight Fascist aeroplanes attempted to take off but owing to the bad state of the engines, the personnel of the aerodrome decided to surrender. On July 15 a Hungarian bomber landed in Soviet Bessarabia and surrendered. The crew declared they refused to fight for Fascist Germany."

A battalion of enemy tanks retreating under the blows of our troops from Rogatchev was surrounded and destroyed.

The crews of the enemy tanks were so exhausted that many of the drivers could not get out without assistance.

"Medical examination of the personnel showed that the weakness of the prisoners was due to systematic malnutrition and physical overstrain."

### HEAVY BATTLES

A Soviet communique says that heavy battles continued throughout yesterday in the directions of Pskov, Smolensk, Bobruisk and Novograd-Volinsk.

"During the day our air force destroyed motorised units, attacked enemy aircraft on aerodromes and operated against troop concentrations on river crossings, and bombed Ploesti and transport and oil tankers at Sulina, Tulcea and Saccoca."

"An enemy tank battalion retreating from Rogatchev was surrounded and destroyed."

Regarding the Russo-German war, a military observer in London yesterday stated that the next few days would be crucial for the Russian bold strategy of defence in depth.

The Germans claim to have captured Tallinn and Novgorod, says a message received by the Stockholm Aftonbladet from Helsinki quoting a Berlin report.

The message adds that Finnish reconnaissance planes on Sunday found Tallinn ablaze and ships busy evacuating troops.

### EASTERN FRONT

A British Wireless message states that after nearly four weeks of fighting on the eastern front the Germans have achieved nothing that can be reckoned as a final or even substantial advantage.

This is the opinion held by competent military observers in London who add that unless they can go considerably further their onslaught will not be worth the expenditure of men and machines they have made.

"It is only fair to say," is one comment, "that there is deep admiration here for the Russians in the fight they have already put up."

### NIGHT FIGHTING

The midday Russian communique yesterday stated: "In the course of Tuesday night fighting continued in the Pskov, Porkhov, Polotsk and Vitebsk directions."

"In other directions and sectors of the front no major engagements took place and no substantial changes occurred in the position of the troops."

"In the course of the night our air force acted against enemy motorised and mechanised troops and continued the bombing of the Ploesti oilfields. Large fires broke out as a result of the bombardment."

## AIR RAID WARDENS ON DUTY

When questioned by the Hongkong Daily Press, during a special interview yesterday, whether it was a fact that no air raid wardens were on duty after midnight during the last three-day blackout exercises, Mr. B. H. Puckle, Deputy Director of A.R.P., said that that was not 100 per cent. correct as, though the majority of the wardens were permitted to go home, there were some wardens on duty.

"The wardens," continued Mr. Puckle, "have to be in their offices the following day and it would be hardly fair to expect them to be on duty throughout the night."

When the reporter remarked that with the withdrawal of the wardens the check on the blackout would cease, or become considerably lessened, and that there would be nothing to stop the householder from switching on the lights between 1 a.m. and 6 a.m., the Deputy Director smilingly replied: "No, if he is prepared to run the risk of being seen by a warden, or a police constable."

## KONOYE ACCEPTS ORDER TO ORGANISE CABINET

Cont'd from Page 1

Close observers express the fear that pro-Axis elements in Japan are too firmly established to be diverted from the course they have set out for themselves.

There have also been widespread rumours of Japanese demands on the Vichy Government. When these rumours reached Shanghai earlier this month, Mr. Robert Craigie, the British Ambassador in Tokyo, made enquiries from the Japanese Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Ohashi, and was told that there was no truth in the report.

### MUCH ANXIETY

In Indo-China, however, considerable anxiety is being felt over the Japanese desire to open bases in that country.

Both LONDON and WASHINGTON are keeping a close watch on the situation and messages from Singapore show that the authorities are very much on the alert.

## CLOSE TIES OF ALLIED FRIENDSHIP

LONDON, July 17 (British Wireless).—Asked in the House of Commons if he would publish the treaties of alliance between Britain and her Allies the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden, said that the only treaty of alliance is the Anglo-Polish agreement regarding mutual assistance signed in London in August, 25, 1939, and already published.

Mr. Eden added: "It will, however, be recalled that in the resolution unanimously adopted at the inter-Allied meeting in London on June 12 the Governments represented were described as being engaged together in the fight against aggression and they agree to continue the struggle against German or Italian oppression until victory is won and mutually assist each other to the utmost of their respective capacities."

"No formal treaties are indeed necessary to express the close ties of friendship which bind the Allied peoples and which are finding expression in deed rather than in words."

## R.A.F. SWEEPS OVER EUROPE

LONDON, July 17 (Reuter).—

One of the most interesting features of R.A.F. operations undertaken in daylight over enemy territory has been the series of sweeps, sometimes carried out twice in a day.

Those following the fortunes of these offensive measures may have noticed that more recently there has been indication that R.A.F. fighters have encountered somewhat increased opposition. Such is in fact the case.

This is regarded as highly satisfactory evidence that one of the main purposes of these patrols is succeeding.

When Germany attacked Russia the day fighter strength on the Western Front diminished sensibly both in quantity and quality.

### INCREASED RESISTANCE

The fact of increased resistance and "will to fight" means that many of these fighter squadrons have returned from the Eastern Front in order to endeavour to deal with the R.A.F.'s menace.

It is not too much to say that several hundred Nazi fighters would be available for use against the Russians were it not for these sweeps carried out by the R.A.F.

## DETAILS OF BRITISH SORTIE AT TOBRUK

LONDON, July 17 (Reuter).—

A raid made by British forces from Tobruk which the enemy mistook for a major attempt to break out of the town took place on July 12, it was disclosed in London yesterday.

The raid was carried out astride the road from Tobruk to El Gobi, about 38 miles south of Tobruk. The operation was the work of a patrol of 40 men and a tank-hunting platoon supported by artillery and machine-gun fire from the British positions on the Tobruk perimeter.

The object of the raid was to cause casualties to the enemy and to secure identifications.

The British inflicted over 60 casualties and brought back five prisoners, who gave the identifications sought. No tanks were encountered.

The British casualties were ten men wounded and three missing. The enemy's description of this small operation was "a determined sortie to break out of Tobruk."

## BRITISH TROOPS IN ICELAND

LONDON, July 17 (Reuter).—

The question of when British troops are going to leave Iceland was raised in the House of Commons by a questioner who cited a statement by the Iceland Premier to the effect that British troops will leave when the Americans arrive.

Mr. Anthony Eden, the Foreign Secretary, replied that it was really a question of time. The question is governed by President Roosevelt's statement to the Icelandic Premier that he was prepared to send United States troops to supplement and eventually replace the British troops there.

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## VICHY'S SURRENDER TO NAZIS & EFFECT ON THE IMPORTANCE OF DAKAR

Vichy's surrender to Adolf Hitler is destined to have far-reaching reverberations, and holds potentials that cannot be ignored by the United States, writes Capt. Frederick L. Oliver (U.S.N. Retired) to the "Christian Science Monitor." President Roosevelt has stated that should France surrender its colonies on the west coast of Africa to the Germans, the peace and security of the Western Hemisphere is in peril.

Dakar is one of France's best-developed colonial outposts. It has a small but well-sheltered harbour, excellent aerodromes for both sea and land planes, repair facilities for ships and planes, including a 600 ft. dry dock.

### POLITICAL THREAT

This port is one of the paradoxes occasionally encountered by the seaman. Although situated on the west coast of Africa, it is entered from the eastward. This anomaly comes from the fact that Cape Verde forms a hook in the same manner as does Cape Cod, and Dakar harbour opens onto the Bay of Goree which lies within the Cape.

Dakar has long been recognised as a potential threat to the security of the Americas. No one knows for sure how well the Nazis already have entrenched themselves there, but it is rumoured that German technicians have long since percolated the colony.

True, Dakar would be only an advanced base which would have to be supplied by sea, but the Germans heretofore have demonstrated an uncanny ability to maintain seemingly impossible extended and exposed lines of communication.

Should Portugal and Spain be acquired by the Nazis, the Canary, Madeira, and Cape Verde groups of islands would afford bases from which German submarine and air patrols could effectively guard the sea route from Lisbon to Dakar.

With the British Navy out of the picture and the United States embroiled with Japan in the Pacific, protecting this route would be a fairly simple matter for the Nazis.

### DANGER TO AMERICANS

As the President has several times brought to the attention of the entire country, once an enemy is established in South America, we will have increasing dangers to meet, because an energetic and resourceful enemy will gradually sweep itself north, and before long the crash of enemy bombs will resound in the Canal Zone. Facing such a prospect, what should be done to minimize the danger?

In a surprise attack made soon after France capitulated, British light forces succeeded in entering the harbour and damaged the uncompleted French battleship Richelieu which had been spirited from France just prior to the armistice being signed. Such an entry might be repeated. Should a regular investment be necessary, the expedition could be based on the fairly good port of Bathurst in Gambia, a British colony. Bathurst is only 80 miles south of Dakar. Any campaign, however, in tropical Africa is a major undertaking in every sense of the word, and should not be attempted unless all other methods prove unavailing.

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## Lessons From The Bismarck: Long-Standing Controversy Settled Once & For All

The long-standing controversy of sea power v. air power was settled once and for all by the Hood-Bismarck affair and by the battle for Crete. The answer was not that air power had proved indisputably superior to sea power. The answer was rather that the whole controversy was meaningless, states "Time." Any sea power worthy of the name must work with air power; air power over the sea is in fact power. The lessons of the Hood-Bismarck chase and of Crete, therefore, were lessons in the balance of these two powers as they team up to fight an opposing balance of the two.

The first duties of air power used as a sea weapon are scouting, reconnaissance, keeping touch with the enemy. The Bismarck might never have been sunk had she not been stalked by U.S.-made Consolidated (PBV-5) Catalinas.

### "SARDINE TINS"

These flying boats, which have a 104-ft. wing span and weigh 27,080 lb. but are called "sardine tins" by British pilots because of their compactness compared with the monstrous British-built Short Sunderlands, can cruise over 4,000 miles, and one of them set a British record by staying in the air for 24 hours.

The Catalinas could fly from the Bismarck to Gibraltar, to Iceland, to Britain, and under ideal weather conditions might be refuelled at sea; but shorter-range aircraft over the open sea would be helpless but for aircraft carriers. Britain has eight carriers, Germany has perhaps two, Italy has none. However, airfields ashore are "fixed carriers," and they are better than mobile carriers because they are not bound by sea carriers' limitations, and on the continent of Europe the Axis controls most of the fixed carriers.

### SEA-AIR POWER

Therefore, as the Bismarck and Crete demonstrated, British sea-air power becomes progressively effective as it moves away from shore. Two aircraft carriers, the brand-new Victorious and the still unsunk Ark Royal, were able to cripple the most powerful battleship in the world just before it came within danger range of land air bases in France. Conversely, the British did not dare expose vulnerable aircraft carriers, which they call "floating blocks of flats," in the confined waters of the Aegean; and ships without planes consequently took an unmerciful beating.

Torpedoes played a greater part than shellfire in crippling and sinking the Bismarck. At Taranto, at Matapan and in this conflict the British have shown great skill in using the torpedo-carrying aircraft, which was invented by a U.S. naval officer in 1912, which has surprisingly not been adopted by the Germans in the Battle of the Atlantic. To launch torpedoes the Fleet Air Arm used antique wire-stayed biplanes, which carrier pilots refer to as "string bags." These planes had to approach to within 500 yards of their targets at about 20 feet above the water. They were presumably covered by a plane-hung smoke screen.

Naval architects were astonished by the way the Bismarck stood up under punishment. Bismarck's crew were convinced she was unsinkable, and they were almost right. She absorbed at least twenty 16-in. shells from the Rodney, 15-in. shells from the Hood, and 14-in. shells from the Prince of Wales and King George V; three torpedoes launched from aircraft, two from destroyers, one from a battleship and three from cruisers.

When Napoleon planned the invasion of Britain, he dreamed of just such a stripping as this, and sent his fleet as a decoy to the West Indies to try to accomplish it; but then only Nelson and the Mediterranean squadron entered the channel. With the Bismarck gone, the Germans still have her sister, the Tirpitz. If the German Navy, knowing what certain death it would be, nevertheless sent the Tirpitz out on a similar sweep, it might be a tip-off for invasion.

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When Napoleon planned the invasion of Britain, he dreamed of just such a stripping as this

## LAMMERTS AUCTIONS

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions

to sell by

## PUBLIC AUCTION

on

Friday, the 18th July, 1941.  
commencing at 2.30 p.m.

at their Sales Room, No. 35,  
Hankow Road, Kowloon.

A QUANTITY OF VALUABLE  
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

comprising:—

Teakwood Drawing Room, Bed  
Room, Dining Room and Office  
Furniture, Wardrobe & Cabin  
(Trunks, Ornaments, Cutlery, Pic-  
tures, Clocks, E. P. Brass, Glass  
and Porcelain Ware, Cooking  
Utensils, Child's Tricycle & Bicycle,  
etc., etc.

also

A FEW PIECES OF BLACKWOOD  
FURNITURE

and

- 3 Portable Gramophones
- 3 Mantain Carpets
- 2 Typewriters
- 1 Electrical Guitar with case
- 1 Exposure Meter
- 1 Enamel Bath
- 1 Hand Sewing Machine

On View from Thursday, the 17th  
July, 1941.

Terms: Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,  
AUCTIONEERS.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from The Marshal  
in Prize, Supreme Court.

to sell by

## PUBLIC AUCTION

on

Tuesday, the 22nd July, 1941  
commencing at 11 a.m.

at Godown No. 39 of The Hong-  
kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown  
Co., Ltd., in The Hongkong &  
Whampoa Dock Co., Esplanade  
Dock, Tsim-shi-tai.

2037 Bundles Wet Salted Hides  
1000 Pieces Wet Salted Hides

Terms: Cash on Delivery.

For inspection order and gate  
pass apply to:—

LAMMERT BROS.,  
AUCTIONEERS.AN ART IN  
NAMING  
CHILDREN

Bangkok.—Parents in Thailand  
may be told how to name their  
children in future, and a Com-  
mittee has been appointed to go  
into this question and make re-  
commendations.

The Chairman of the Committee  
is H. M. Captain Ewing Macgregor,  
Navy Captain (Commander) Royal  
Navy, who has been the "British  
Governor" to India, Burma,  
the Straits Settlements, and Aus-  
tralia.

The reason for the enquiry is  
stated to be the present confused  
system of naming children which  
makes it at times difficult to dis-  
tinguish men from women by their  
names.

The Institute, a body like the  
Royal Commission (which is a  
body of men and women of all  
ranks) has been set up to study  
the names of children and to  
make recommendations to the  
Government.

CONTINUED INCREASE IN  
INMATES OF PO LEUNG  
KUK: RECEPTION HELD  
AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE

"DUE TO THE CIRCUMSTANCES RECENTLY AFFECTING  
HONGKONG, THE NUMBER OF INMATES OF OUR KUK CON-  
TINUED TO INCREASE, ITS LOWEST BEING 144 AND ITS  
HIGHEST, 383, PER DAY. During the year under review, 1,092  
women and children were admitted and 1,107 were discharged, the num-  
ber remaining in the Kuk on the day we handed over our office be-  
ing 185.

"From what I have stated it can be seen that the Kuk has been  
overcrowded—INDEED THE EXTENT OF OVERCROWDING WAS  
UNPRECEDENTED."

The above are extracts from a  
speech by Mr. Lo Tung-fan, the  
outgoing Chairman of the Po  
Leung Kuk Committee at the  
reception given by H.E. the Gover-  
nor, Sir Geoffrey Northcote, yester-  
day to the outgoing and incoming  
Committees of the Kuk.

Among those present were Hon.  
Mr. N. L. Smith, Mr. G. S. Ken-  
nedy-Skipston (Chief Assistant to  
the S.C.A.), Hon. Mr. M. K. Lo,  
Hon. Mr. W. N. Thomas Tam, Hon.  
Mr. Li Tse-fong and members of  
the Permanent Board of Directors.

## MR. LO TUNG-FAN

Mr. Lo Tung-fan, retiring Chair-  
man of the Committee, 1940, said,  
in part:—

Throughout the year under re-  
view, the work of the Kuk went  
on smoothly. We were fortunate  
to have the blessings of Your Ex-  
cellency, coupled with the guidance  
of the Hon. Colonial Secretary,  
the Hon. Chinese Representa-  
tives on the Councils and  
Members of the Permanent Board  
of Direction, and the help of Dr.  
and Mrs. S. W. Tso, Mrs. M. K. Lo  
and Colonel Dowling, with  
which we were able to follow the  
proper path, and for which we are  
most grateful. We are also in-  
debted to Dr. (Miss) Cheng Shiu-  
yu, who was appointed by the Au-  
thorities to visit and take care of  
the inmates of our Kuk.

Due to the circumstances recent-  
ly affecting Hongkong, the num-  
ber of inmates of our Kuk con-  
tinued to increase, its lowest be-  
ing 144 and its highest, 383, per  
day. All cases sent to us were  
handed with due justice by the  
Committee.

During the year under review,  
1,092 women and children were  
admitted and 1,107 were dis-  
charged, the number remaining in  
the Kuk on the day we handed  
over our office being 185.

## OVERCROWDING

From what I have stated it can  
be seen that the Kuk has been  
overcrowded—indeed the extent of  
overcrowding was unprecedented.  
This, coupled with the rise in price  
of daily necessities on account of  
the war, resulted in the cost of up-  
keep of our Kuk being greatly in-  
creased.

Fortunately in addition to the  
annual grant of \$10,000 we re-  
ceived from Government an ad-  
vance of \$5,000 being (part of the)  
subsidy for 1941. We also received  
from the Chinese General Charities  
Fund and the Hongkong  
Jockey Club a donation of \$1,000  
each. On Flower Day, Sept. 21  
last year, thanks to the help of the  
teachers and pupils of various  
schools and the generosity of the  
Community, we managed to raise  
over \$13,100 through the sale of  
flowers in the streets.

Messrs. Deacon and Company,  
Solicitors, were good enough to  
forward to us from a donor who  
preferred to remain anonymous,  
Hongkong Government Loan Bond  
to the value of \$1,000. Messrs. San  
Yuen very kindly made a gift to us  
of Chinese National Salvation Loan  
Bonds, worth \$800 Chinese National  
Currency. Interest from these  
was allocated to meet upkeep ex-  
penses of the Kuk.

In addition many other gifts in  
kind were received for the benefit  
of the inmates and we are grate-  
ful to their donors.

I wish particularly to men-  
tion the generosity of Mr. J. E.  
Joseph, philanthropist, who  
had previously donated \$30,000  
to the Kuk's building fund in  
memory of his beloved mother.

Seeing that our Kuk had in-  
sufficient space to accommodate  
the increasing number of inmates,  
Mr. Joseph very kindly contributed  
\$50,000 for a wing to be added to  
the right hand side of the present  
building.

Work was duly started and on  
May 30 the foundation stone was  
laid, the ceremony in this con-  
nection being performed by Lady  
Macgregor. We regret that illness  
prevented Your Excellency's pre-  
sence that day. I have to thank  
Mr. Lam Chik Ho and Mr. Lam  
Chik Huen of Messrs. Lam Wai &  
Company, Building Contractors,  
who have undertaken the work  
gratefully, and the materials be-  
ing changed at cost.

During the year our receipts, in-  
cluding balance from last year,  
amounted to \$56,274.22. This to-  
gether with the first instalment of  
\$25,000 contributed by Mr. Joseph  
for adding a new wing to the Kuk,  
made a total of \$81,274.32; while  
our expenditure \$43,303 for general  
expenses plus \$22,247.23 for cost of  
labour and materials in connexion  
with the building of the new wing,  
came to \$65,550.30.

Thus after deducting the expendi-  
ture, we had in hand \$15,723.92,  
of which \$4,133.97 was surplus  
building fund handed down by  
previous committees of the Kuk.  
\$8,597.38 was endowment fund  
procured through sale of flowers  
on Flower Day in the Ki-mau Year  
(1939), \$2,762.77 was the unex-  
pended part of Mr. Joseph's con-  
tribution for building the new  
wing, and \$239.80 was the working  
balance. We managed to make  
both ends meet, thanks to the  
kindness of the Government and  
the generosity of the Community.

## NEW WING

Last year the Government very  
kindly approved the loan to us of  
an area situate on the right hand  
side of the Kuk for use as a  
vegetable garden. The new wing  
now under construction is being  
built on the site formerly occupied  
as playground for the inmates of  
the Kuk. We have therefore re-  
quested the Government to allo-  
cate the area to us permanently  
so that we may have another site  
for a playground. It is expected  
that after the Kuk will receive  
the Lease from Government.

There have been from the be-  
ginning in the Kuk a number of  
departments where the women are  
taught knitting, embroidery and  
tailoring so that they may have  
some means of earning a living  
after leaving the Kuk. The arti-  
cles made in these departments  
have long had a ready market.

During the year, towel-making  
and cloth-weaving machines were  
added and special instructions  
were employed; with these facili-  
ties afforded the women were able  
to learn more.

After my colleagues and I took  
over the management the number  
of inmates of the Kuk had been  
so large that we could hardly find  
space for their accommodation.  
The majority of them were chil-  
dren. We, therefore, added a  
Kindergarten class to the es-  
tablishment and specially employ-  
ed a teacher to teach the children  
singing, handicraft and recreation  
exercises, to make them happy.

On the upper floor a room was  
adopted for use as a nursing ward,  
in which the beds and beddings  
and the tables and chairs supplied  
and the diets and treatment given  
are proper to the principles of  
medical care. This enabled the  
inmates in case of slight illness to  
be treated in the Kuk.

Great care was taken as regards  
sanitary arrangements, morning  
and evening exercises, and the  
supply of nourishing food and  
clean and tidy dresses and foot  
wear, our principle being to pro-  
mote the health of the inmates.

## BRILLIANT FUTURE

Summing up what I have stated,  
I regret to say that we have not  
been able to accomplish much.  
Happily people of great talent  
have been appointed to succeed us.  
We are sure that improvements  
will be introduced and that the  
Kuk under their management will  
have a brilliant future. Our term  
of office having expired, we duly  
handed over the management to  
our successors, Dr. S. N. Chau and  
others, on June 3, 1941; and as in  
duty bound we have to submit for  
Your Excellency's information this  
our report about the matters with  
which we dealt during our tenure  
of office.

We have recently heard that  
Your Excellency has obtained the  
sanction of Government to retire  
and that you will be leaving for  
your motherland before long. You  
are a beneficent ruler and will al-  
ways be remembered by us all.  
We wish you happiness in your re-  
tirement. Long live Your Excellency.

Dr. S. N. CHAU said:  
We are happy that Your Ex-  
cellency has very kindly retired  
here today thus enabling us to  
begin our new duties.

Gen. Ho Reviews 4-Year  
War Of Resistance

Reviewing the four-year war of resistance in a broadcast to the  
Chinese armed forces and civilians at home and abroad, GENERAL  
HO YING-CHIN, Minister of War and Chief of General Staff, re-  
vealed that whereas at the outbreak of the war China had only  
1,700,000 regulars she now has 5,000,000, regulars, 10,000,000 recruits  
and reserves under training, and 800,000, guerrillas who receive monthly  
pay from the National Government.

General Ho added that whereas  
at the outbreak of the war many  
Chinese arms were antiquated, the  
armament now is entirely new.  
Meanwhile, "education" for the  
troops has improved.

In the first period from July 7,  
1937, to January 19, 1939 China,  
General Ho said, was mostly on  
the defensive but in the second  
period from January 19, 1939, to  
the end of June this year during  
which there were altogether 18,660  
big and small engagements the  
Chinese took the initiative in 47  
per cent of the major battles, 80  
per cent of the minor engagements  
and guerrilla operations.

General Ho said that out of nine  
major battles during the second  
period, with the exception of the  
Nanchang, Chang, and Chungshao-  
shan battles, the Chinese were  
victorious in six, namely, the  
Suihsien-Tsao-yang, North Hunan,

North Kwangtung, South Kwangsi,  
South Honan, and North Kiangsi  
battles.

## 20 DIVISIONS

General Ho said that the Japan-  
ese employed 20 Divisions in 1937,  
30½ Divisions in 1938, and 40 Di-  
visions in 1939, an average of 35  
Divisions in 1940 and 36½ Di-  
visions in 1941.

General Ho declared that China  
welcomed Japan's loaning of Yen  
300,000,000 to Wang Ching-wei  
enabling him to increase the pup-  
pet force from 180,000 to 540,000  
because this would mean more de-  
fections and the surrender of mor-  
tars and ammunition on the part  
of the puppet troops to the Chi-  
nese side.

Citing figures, General Ho said  
that from the outbreak of the  
war on July 7, 1937 to June, 1941  
a total of 373,772 puppet troops de-  
fected.—(Central News).

ceive the benefit of your instruc-  
tions.

My colleagues and I were chosen  
to serve on the Committee of the  
Po Leung Kuk for the present  
year. We took over the manage-  
ment on June 3. We have been  
cautious as if treading on thin ice,  
because we feel we lack virtue and  
do not have the ability (for the  
heavy task). Since, owing to the  
affects of the war in Europe,  
prices of all commodities are high  
and since women and children in  
large numbers are continually  
sent to us, maintenance expenses  
of the Kuk are on the increase  
and it is no easy task to carry on.

We consider it our duty to give  
proper care and protection to the  
helpless whose circumstances are  
pitiable. Fortunately the Kuk is  
under Your Excellency's auspices  
and we can hope that Your Hon-  
ours the Colonial Secretary and  
the Secretary for Chinese Affairs,  
Hon. Chinese Representatives on  
the Councils and Members of the  
Permanent Board of Direction will  
give guidance from time to time,  
thus enabling us to render what  
small help we can and fulfil our  
duties.

We are sorry that Your Ex-  
cellency is about to leave the Colony.  
All the people of Hongkong are  
singing the praises of the good  
work, which you did during the  
three years of your administration  
here and which will remain bless-  
ings to them. We take this op-  
portunity to wish you bon voyage  
and pray that the Star of Happi-  
ness may shine throughout your  
journey.

## H.E. THE GOVERNOR

His Excellency said:  
It is with deep interest and  
much pleasure that I have listened  
to the report by the Chairman of  
the 1940 Committee of the Po  
Leung Kuk. The report is so  
modestly phrased that it tends to  
conceal the really valuable work  
which has been done under the  
inspiration of Mr. Lo's zeal and  
the earnest interest of the Com-  
mittee under him during the last  
year.

The year 1940-41 has been a year  
of important progress for the Po  
Leung Kuk and I warmly con-  
gratulate those who have been ad-  
ministering the Kuk on that. In  
the first place, there has been the  
munificent donation by Mr. J. E.  
Joseph for the greatly needed new  
wing. I believe, that when that  
wing is finished the Kuk, for the  
first time for some years, will be  
able to say that it has sufficient  
accommodation for its needs. How  
these needs have grown you know  
only too well, as in the last year  
you have averaged from 250 chil-  
dren and at the maximum have  
very nearly reached 400. Mr.  
Joseph was thanked by His Honour  
Sir Atholl Macgregor, the Chief  
Justice, in suitable terms for his  
great generosity, on the occasion  
when the foundation stone of the  
new wing was laid, an occasion on  
which I much regret being absent  
owing to physical disability, but I  
take this opportunity of adding an  
expression of my gratitude as  
Governor to Mr. Joseph for the  
fine thing that he has done for  
the oppressed girl children of  
Hongkong and the neighbouring  
districts. For an I forget of the  
fact that the contributions were  
so liberally handed as to carry out  
the work without thought to them-  
selves that it is in the true spirit of  
charity.

## A GREAT HOUR

I was very much interested to  
hear of the new building which  
will be built on the right hand  
side of the Kuk. It is a great  
hour for the Kuk and for the  
girls who will be housed in it.  
I am sure that the new building  
will be a great help to the Kuk  
and to the girls who are in it.  
I am sure that the new building  
will be a great help to the Kuk  
and to the girls who are in it.

## SELECTION IN

## SPORTS WEAR

SHIRTS IN CHECKS AND  
PLAIN COLOURS

TERRY TOWELLING  
NAVY OR WHITE

## PLAYSUITS

IN

VIVID COTTONS WITH  
PLEATED OR FLARED SKIRTS.

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Tung-fan. The new Committee  
faces a very difficult task but I  
feel quite confident, as do my ad-  
visers, that they will carry it  
through with eminent success. I  
wish them that success with all my  
heart.

I am very grateful both to Mr.  
T. F. Lo and Dr. S. N. Chau for  
the kind regrets which they have  
expressed at my impending de-  
parture, and I thank them for  
their good wishes and their  
prayers.

## FRIEND OF CHILDREN

My wife, who would much have  
liked to have been present today,  
and I will never forget the admi-  
rable charity and loving work which  
the committee of the Po Leung  
Kuk whom we have known have  
poured upon the unfortunate chil-  
dren under their charge. The  
happiness which can always be  
seen on the faces of the children

## HEALTH - BULLETIN

(The following is the Returns of  
notifiable diseases notified as hav-  
ing occurred in the Colony during  
the 24 hours ended at midnight on  
July 16:—

Cerebro-Spinal Fever, one case;  
Cholera, 17 cases; Dysentery, five  
cases; Enteric Fever, four cases;  
Tuberculosis, 64 cases.

there is not only a sign that those  
Committees have succeeded in their  
task, but is also a reward to  
them for their labours.

I thank both the old and the  
new Committee for their public  
spirit in undertaking the honour-  
able but onerous duty of adminis-  
tering the Po Leung Kuk and I re-  
peat again my hearty good wishes  
for the continued success of this  
Friend of Children.

THINK WHAT OUR  
WEEKLY PRESS DOES FOR YOU!

There are hundreds of people living in Australia  
now as "Hongkong Evacuees." They are  
craving for "Hongkong News" —

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## RUMOURS OF RESHUFFLE OF NANKING REGIME

CHUNGKING, July 17 (Central)—Rumours are rife that there will be a drastic reshuffle of the personnel of the bogus Nanking government following the return of Wang Ching-wei from Japan, says a Shanghai dispatch.

The Japanese authorities are said to insist that Wan Keh-min, former "Chairman of the North China Political Affairs Commission," and Chen Chung-fu, former "Chairman" of the defunct "Reformed Government in Nanking," should join the bogus Nanking government while a new "Minister of Finance" should be appointed to replace Chow Fu-hai.

## SUNDAY EVENING BROADCAST OF THE B.B.C.

### NATIONAL MUSIC OF ALL ALLIES

LONDON, July 17 (Reuters)—The Sunday evening broadcast by the B.B.C. of the national anthems of British and Allied countries is to be discontinued, announced Mr. A. Duff Cooper, Minister of Information, answering questions in the House of Commons yesterday.

Mr. Duff Cooper said: "The increase in the number of national anthems renders it impossible to do full justice to them in the time allotted. I have suggested to the B.B.C. that in future the period previously taken up by national anthems should be devoted to the national music of nations whose people are now fighting with us."

"A different nation will be selected each week and perhaps in some cases it may prove possible to combine two or three."

### THE INTERNATIONALE

When the Labour member, Mr. Emmanuel Shinwell, asked if the Minister had suddenly become embarrassed by the suggestion that another national anthem (the "Internationale") should be played on Sunday evenings, Mr. Duff Cooper replied that no sudden decision had been taken in the matter.

Answering the Labour member, Rev. R. W. Sorensen, Mr. Duff Cooper said that the period would certainly include the national song for Russia.

Following Mr. Duff Cooper's statement in the House of Commons about the playing of national anthems by the B.B.C., the latter announced that the national anthem period next Sunday evening will be devoted to French national airs. The following Sunday period will be devoted to Russian airs.

## British Night Air Attacks

LONDON, July 17 (Reuters)—Over 2,000 tons of bombs were dropped in the Ruhr area between June 16 and July 10.

Further example showing the weight of British night attacks are the dropping of 1,000 tons of bombs on Cologne and over 500 tons on Bremen during the same period.

Photographs proving that Munster, the German town recently bombed on successive nights, contained military objectives have been brought back by R.A.F. reconnaissance aeroplanes. German propaganda described Munster as a "Cathedral town with no industry except breweries."

### PHOTOGRAPHIC PROOF

Photographs showing the effect of the first night of the R.A.F. raid were shown to the press yesterday. They prove that the bombing was entirely concentrated on the aerodrome and all aerodrome buildings had been burnt out and the adjoining barracks were badly knocked about.

The Dortmund-Ems Canal, surrounding part of the aerodrome, and a big railway junction also suffered.

"The photographs show clearly to the experts that there is practically no damage on the residential district," said an official of the Ministry of Economic Warfare. "On military targets, the bombing was pretty accurate and effective."

## GOODWILL FLIGHT OVER SYRIA

CAIRO, July 17 (Reuters)—The inhabitants of Syrian towns cheered and waved their hand as a large force of R.A.F. bombers, escorted by fighters, carried out a goodwill mass flight yesterday over the principal towns of Syria.

The aircraft circled over Beirut where thousands thronged the streets and squares waving a

They have suggested that Wang Ching-wei be "Chairman of the Nanking Government" only while Chan Kung-po "Mayor of Shanghai," be appointed "President of the Executive Yuan," Chow Fu-hai be transferred as "Mayor of Shanghai," Kiang Kang-hu, "Vice-President of the Examination Yuan," be appointed "Chairman of the Overseas Affairs Commission," and Wang Keh-min and Chen Chung-fu be made "Minister of Finance" and "President of Legislative Yuan." Both Fu Shih-shueh, "Minister of Railways," and Chao Yu-sung, "Minister of Agriculture and Mining" it is said, will be transferred to other posts.

It is said that Wang Ching-wei is trying to defer the reshuffle on the ground that such drastic changes may affect the smooth working of the bogus government.

## MA CHAO-CHUN ON RELIEF IN KWANGTUNG

Relief in Kwangtung was described by Mr. Ma Chao-chun, member of the Kuomintang Central Executive Committee and concurrently Vice-Minister of Social Welfare, who recently went to the province to take charge of emergency relief there in an interview.

Mr. Ma said that he brought to Kwangtung NC\$1,000,000 appropriated by the National Relief Commission for distribution to the refugees. The money was distributed as follows: Tolshan, \$280,000; Sunwui, \$80,000; Chaoyang, \$70,000; Yungkong, Tinpak and Hopo, \$60,000 each; Hoiping, \$120,000; Hoiung and Lokfung, \$50,000 each; Waiyung and Po On, \$40,000 each; Hohong, \$30,000; Chekal, \$20,000; Suikai, \$10,000, and other areas, \$30,000.

Aside from the distribution of money, a more tangible form of relief has been instituted, according to Mr. Ma who revealed that a number of factories for spinning and weaving, making soaps and other daily necessities have been established in Hoiping, Yanping, Sunwui, and Tolshan for the refugees in order to help them to earn their own living.

Mr. Ma highly praised the efforts of the overseas Chinese in contributing to the relief of their native places. He disclosed that over \$1,000,000 has been received from them so far, and this money is well taken care of and will be used appropriately.

## CHINA TO ENFORCE NEW LAND POLICY

As a preliminary step toward the enforcement of the policy of equalisation of land ownership, the Ministry of Interior inaugurated today a Land Values Office with Mr. Li Chinglin, chief of the Land Department of the Ministry, as director concurrently.

Sub-offices will soon be set up throughout Free China.

According to the Principle of People's Livelihood, (Min Sheng Sun I) laid down by the late Dr. Sun Yat-sen, every landowner is required to declare the value of his land to the government and the government will levy a land tax accordingly.

However, if he assesses the value of his land too low, the government may buy back the land at the declared value. (Central News).

## KANSU DROUGHT BROKEN

LANCHOW, July 17 (Central)—Autumn sowing in Kansu has been made possible by the timely heavy rainfall throughout the province, on Monday. According to the meteorological station, Kansu received 2.23 centimeters of rain up till 8 o'clock that day.

The rain broke the long dry spell in the province. It is recalled that during the first half of the current year Lanchow had only a total of 5.4 centimeters of rain.

## Malayan War Tax Yield

LONDON, July 17 (Reuters)—It is estimated that the total yields from war tax in the Straits Settlements and the Federated Malay States for the current year are respectively \$10,000,000 and \$4,000,000 said Mr. G. H. Hall, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for the Colonies, answering a question in the House of Commons yesterday.

Mr. Hall added that the yield from war taxation on rubber exports in 1941 is estimated to be respectively, Straits Settlements \$319,000, and the Federated Malay States, \$3,000,000; but since these estimates were made, the rates of duty had been doubled in both territories.

The question asked for the approximate number of Malayan residents earning incomes respectively between £576 and £720, £720 and £3,400, and over £3,400.

Mr. Hall replied that no information was at present available.

## PUPPET OFFICIALS ARRESTED

CHUNGKING, July 17 (Central)—Many puppet officials of the so-called Food Control Committee under the bogus Ministry of Industry and Commerce in Nanking, are reported to have been arrested by the Japanese for profiteering.

The Committee is shipping an average of about 1,000 shih of rice into the International Settlement everyday.

## A CHAIN OF BRITISH AERODROMES STRETCHING FROM BURMA TO BORNEO

"In the last year or so we have completed a chain of military aerodromes that stretch from the northern frontier to Singapore, and in Burma to the frontiers of China," said the new Air Officer-Commanding, R.A.F. Far East, AIR VICE MARSHAL C. W. H. PULFORD, in his first broadcast talk in Malaya from the Singapore station recently.

Air Vice Marshal Pulford said that what had impressed him most in connexion with the air defence of the Far East was that it had become a "family affair of the Empire's," with Britons, Australians, New Zealanders, Malays, Chinese and Indians performing the various tasks of the service.

AN EXAMPLE  
"For example," he said "I have under my command Royal Australian Air Force Squadrons working alongside Royal Air Force Squadrons. New Zealand sends a batch of fully trained pilots here every month to help man our squadrons as we expand."

"If I find myself short of officers for certain essential ground duties, Australia immediately sends them here. In our technical workshops, as well as R.A.F. technicians, we have Malay, Chinese and Indian workmen. Our aerodromes are guarded by Indian troops."

"I also find that the Malayan Governments have organised and pay for a flying training school, from which cadets go either to Canada or to our Middle East flying schools, organised under the Empire Air Training Scheme. The reports we have received from Canada of these cadets reflect the

greatest credit on themselves and on their instructors. "But do not imagine that these air forces are solely for the defence of Singapore. In the last year or so we have completed a chain of military aerodromes that stretch from the northern frontier to Singapore Island and Borneo, and in Burma to the frontiers of China. These aerodromes are fully equipped. Officers and non-commissioned officers and airmen live in comfortable airy quarters designed to meet the equatorial heat."

Continuing, Air Vice Marshal Pulford said that, as with the Air Force, so with the Army units in Malaya—there are British, Australian and Indian divisions serving here. "So you see," he said, "the defence of Malaya and the Far East has indeed become an Empire family affair."

CONVINCING ANSWER  
"All these men have, of their own free will, left their homes in their native lands to serve where duty calls them, and duty has sent them to Malaya. It is a convincing answer to Nazi propaganda which claims that disunity exists among the people of our Empire."

Concluding, Air Vice Marshal Pulford said: "From my very brief contact with the people of this island it is obvious that they are willing to take their full share of the responsibility of defending their country should active war spread to it."

INCREASING IN STRENGTH  
"For my part I can assure the people of Malaya that the R.A.F., whose strength and offensive power today are much greater than they were only a few months ago, and which are continuing to grow, will go flat out offensively and defensively should the war spread to the Far East."

"The pilots, observers, air gunners and ground staff, who regard with envy those of our Service now actively engaged in the Battles of Britain and the Middle East, will, I am confident, put up the same show if ever called upon to do so."

LOYAL FRIEND  
"As I have just remarked, the offensive power of the Air Force under my command is considerable and it has behind it the enormous asset of American supplies as well as those of Britain and Australia, and these supplies from America and Britain are not going to stop for we have in the United States of America, a true and loyal friend."

"We are in good shape here. I repeat that the British strength in the Far East is not intended as a threat against anyone in the Pacific. In fact I have no doubt that the presence of our strong

## HONGKONG SHARE QUOTATIONS

STOCK EXCHANGE SHAREBROKERS' ASSOCIATION

Sellers		Buyers		Sellers		Buyers	
Banks		Banks		Banks		Banks	
H.K. Banks	1415	H.K. Banks	1415	H.K. Banks	1415	H.K. Banks	1415
Do. (Col. Reg.)	285	Do. (Col. Reg.)	285	Do. (Col. Reg.)	285	Do. (Col. Reg.)	285
Chartered Bank	280	Chartered Bank	280	Chartered Bank	280	Chartered Bank	280
Mercantile Bk. "A"	1616	Mercantile Bk. "A"	1616	Mercantile Bk. "A"	1616	Mercantile Bk. "A"	1616
Mercantile Bk. "C"	211	Mercantile Bk. "C"	211	Mercantile Bk. "C"	211	Mercantile Bk. "C"	211
Bank of East Asia	18 ct.	Bank of East Asia	18 ct.	Bank of East Asia	18 ct.	Bank of East Asia	18 ct.
N. C. & S. Bank	18 ct.	N. C. & S. Bank	18 ct.	N. C. & S. Bank	18 ct.	N. C. & S. Bank	18 ct.
Insurance	225	Insurance	225	Insurance	225	Insurance	225
Canton Insurance	400	Canton Insurance	400	Canton Insurance	400	Canton Insurance	400
Union Insurance	81	Union Insurance	81	Union Insurance	81	Union Insurance	81
Underwriters	185	Underwriters	185	Underwriters	185	Underwriters	185
H.K. Fire	120	H.K. Fire	120	H.K. Fire	120	H.K. Fire	120
Shipping	84	Shipping	84	Shipping	84	Shipping	84
Douglases	80	Douglases	80	Douglases	80	Douglases	80
Steamboats	470	Steamboats	470	Steamboats	470	Steamboats	470
Indo-China (Pref.)	470	Indo-China (Pref.)	470	Indo-China (Pref.)	470	Indo-China (Pref.)	470
Indo-China (Def.)	470	Indo-China (Def.)	470	Indo-China (Def.)	470	Indo-China (Def.)	470
Shells	470	Shells	470	Shells	470	Shells	470
Waterboats	470	Waterboats	470	Waterboats	470	Waterboats	470
Docks, Wharves, Godowns, etc.	890	Docks, Wharves, Godowns, etc.	890	Docks, Wharves, Godowns, etc.	890	Docks, Wharves, Godowns, etc.	890
H.K. & K. Wharves	890	H.K. & K. Wharves	890	H.K. & K. Wharves	890	H.K. & K. Wharves	890
Freights	890	Freights	890	Freights	890	Freights	890
H.K. Docks (Old)	890	H.K. Docks (Old)	890	H.K. Docks (Old)	890	H.K. Docks (Old)	890
H.K. Docks (New)	890	H.K. Docks (New)	890	H.K. Docks (New)	890	H.K. Docks (New)	890
Shanghai Docks	890	Shanghai Docks	890	Shanghai Docks	890	Shanghai Docks	890
Mining	890	Mining	890	Mining	890	Mining	890
Kailans	890	Kailans	890	Kailans	890	Kailans	890
Peak Trams (old)	890	Peak Trams (old)	890	Peak Trams (old)	890	Peak Trams (old)	890
Peak Trams (new)	890	Peak Trams (new)	890	Peak Trams (new)	890	Peak Trams (new)	890
Star Ferries	890	Star Ferries	890	Star Ferries	890	Star Ferries	890
Y-mat Ferries	890	Y-mat Ferries	890	Y-mat Ferries	890	Y-mat Ferries	890
China Lights (O)	890	China Lights (O)	890	China Lights (O)	890	China Lights (O)	890
China Lights (New)	890	China Lights (New)	890	China Lights (New)	890	China Lights (New)	890
H.K. Electric (Old)	890	H.K. Electric (Old)	890	H.K. Electric (Old)	890	H.K. Electric (Old)	890
H.K. Electric (New)	890	H.K. Electric (New)	890	H.K. Electric (New)	890	H.K. Electric (New)	890
H.K. Electric (Rte)	890	H.K. Electric (Rte)	890	H.K. Electric (Rte)	890	H.K. Electric (Rte)	890
Macao Electric	890	Macao Electric	890	Macao Electric	890	Macao Electric	890
Sandakan Light	890	Sandakan Light	890	Sandakan Light	890	Sandakan Light	890
Telephone (old)	890	Telephone (old)	890	Telephone (old)	890	Telephone (old)	890
Telephone (new)	890	Telephone (new)	890	Telephone (new)	890	Telephone (new)	890
Industrials	890	Industrials	890	Industrials	890	Industrials	890
Cold. Macg. (Ord.)	890	Cold. Macg. (Ord.)	890	Cold. Macg. (Ord.)	890	Cold. Macg. (Ord.)	890
Cold. Macg. (Prof.)	890	Cold. Macg. (Prof.)	890	Cold. Macg. (Prof.)	890	Cold. Macg. (Prof.)	890
Canton Ice	890	Canton Ice	890	Canton Ice	890	Canton Ice	890
Cement	890	Cement	890	Cement	890	Cement	890
H.K. Rope	890	H.K. Rope	890	H.K. Rope	890	H.K. Rope	890
H.K. Govt. Loans	890	H.K. Govt. Loans	890	H.K. Govt. Loans	890	H.K. Govt. Loans	890
4% Loan	890	4% Loan	890	4% Loan	890	4% Loan	890
5% " (1934)	890	5% " (1934)	890	5% " (1934)	890	5% " (1934)	890
5% " (1940)	890	5% " (1940)	890	5% " (1940)	890	5% " (1940)	890
Miscellaneous	890	Miscellaneous	890	Miscellaneous	890	Miscellaneous	890
Dairy Farms	890	Dairy Farms	890	Dairy Farms	890	Dairy Farms	890
Entertainments	890	Entertainments	890	Entertainments	890	Entertainments	890
Constructions (old)	890	Constructions (old)	890	Constructions (old)	890	Constructions (old)	890
Constructions (new)	890	Constructions (new)	890	Constructions (new)	890	Constructions (new)	890
Lane Crawford	890	Lane Crawford	890	Lane Crawford	890	Lane Crawford	890
Nanyang Tobacco	890	Nanyang Tobacco	890	Nanyang Tobacco	890	Nanyang Tobacco	890
Shingwa	890	Shingwa	890	Shingwa	890	Shingwa	890
Wharves	890	Wharves	890	Wharves	890	Wharves	890
Ch. G. & S. 1935 (Ord.)	890	Ch. G. & S. 1935 (Ord.)	890	Ch. G. & S. 1935 (Ord.)	890	Ch. G. & S. 1935 (Ord.)	890
Ch. G. & S. 1935 (Prof.)	890	Ch. G. & S. 1935 (Prof.)	890	Ch. G. & S. 1935 (Prof.)	890	Ch. G. & S. 1935 (Prof.)	890
Shai Wah Co.	890	Shai Wah Co.	890	Shai Wah Co.	890	Shai Wah Co.	890
Vibro-Sling	890	Vibro-Sling	890	Vibro-Sling	890	Vibro-Sling	890
Wong Yee Sang	890	Wong Yee Sang	890	Wong Yee Sang	890	Wong Yee Sang	890
Wong Yee Sang (H.K.)	890	Wong Yee Sang (H.K.)	890	Wong Yee Sang (H.K.)	890	Wong Yee Sang (H.K.)	890
Wong Yee Sang (S.H.K.)	890	Wong Yee Sang (S.H.K.)	890	Wong Yee Sang (S.H.K.)	890	Wong Yee Sang (S.H.K.)	890
Wong Yee Sang (S.H.K.)	890	Wong Yee Sang (S.H.K.)	890	Wong Yee Sang (S.H.K.)	890	Wong Yee Sang (S.H.K.)	890

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Hanover, N. H. — Because of its masculinity Dartmouth College came into a \$500,000 endowment fund. The late Emil Bommer, Brooklyn, N.Y., manufacturer, in his will stated that the \$500,000 trust fund be used for the education of male students only... and that it cannot be used for the "so-called dead languages" or for the maintenance of competitive athletics.

Bommer who died in 1935 had no connection with Dartmouth but became impressed with the college when seeking a completely masculine institution to which to leave his residuary estate.

able and it has behind it the enormous asset of American supplies as well as those of Britain and Australia, and these supplies from America and Britain are not going to stop for we have in the United States of America, a true and loyal friend.

"We are in good shape here. I repeat that the British strength in the Far East is not intended as a threat against anyone in the Pacific. In fact I have no doubt that the presence of our strong

## UNIQUE CONFERENCE IN KANSU

A most cordial atmosphere pervaded the conference on administration and peace preservation held June 26-29 at Heikuan (temple) between 260 Chinese and Tibetan representatives from the districts of Sialho, Liptan and Wuni in southwest Kansu.

Eleven resolutions concerning production, finance, communications, peace preservation, education and public health were passed. One of the most important resolutions provides for the organization of a reclamation corporation with a joint capital of \$200,000 from Chinese civilians and Tibetan monks.

Before its adjournment, the conference sent telegrams to Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, General Ku Cheng-jen, Chairman of the Kansu Provincial Government, and the Chinese frontier troops, paying respects. (Central News)

forces in the Far East is a stabilizing factor for peace in a world which, our enemies claim, can only be ruled by force."

## PRE-PAID ADVERTISEMENTS.

The following classes of advertisements are charged at the price given below:—

SITUATIONS VACANT. HOUSES AND APARTMENTS WANTED. HOUSES AND APARTMENTS TO BE LET. MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Announcements not exceeding 25 Words are inserted under this heading at a pre-paid Rate of \$1.50 for THREE INSERTIONS. If Charges collected, \$2.00.

### WANTED TO BUY

WE PAY HIGH PRICES for all gold and silver articles. Jade, diamonds, jewels, watches, fountain pens, Apply Far East Diamond and Gold Refining Co., Room 621, China Building, 6th floor, Sundays and Holidays open.

### WANTED KNOWN

Experienced Book-keeper wants Students to form a class. Guarantee students to keep a whole set of books after completion of a course of 6 months. For Term and particulars, Please Apply to—No. 463 c/o H.K.D.P.

EAT AT  
**Jimmy's**

WINE & SPIRITS

WE OFFER HIGH PRICES for any amount of gold articles, diamonds, silver, jewels, etc. No holidays. Apply China Building, 7th floor, Tel. 33246.  
**EURASIA GOLD REFINING CO.**

**RUSSIAN FOOD**—OUR CLIENTS FAVOURITE A DELICIOUS SNACK Tiffin \$1.00 SERVED QUICKLY SERVED WELL

## METROPOLE HOTEL

**AUCTIONE**

## FOREIGN MARKETS &amp; QUOTATIONS

## MONEY AND EXCHANGE

CLOSING QUOTATIONS  
JULY 17, 1941.

On London:—	Telegraphic Transfer 1/2 7/8
Bank Bills, on demand 1/2 7/8	
Credits 4 months sight	
On Shanghai:—	On demand 450
On Singapore:—	On demand 52 3/4
On Japan:—	On demand 102 1/4
On India:—	Telegraphic Transfer 62 5/8
On New York:—	Bank Bills, on demand 24 3/10
Credits, 60 days sight 24 15/16	
On Batavia:—	On demand 45 3/8
On Paris:—	Bank Bills, on demand Nov.
Credits 4 months sight Nov.	
On Saigon:—	On demand 104 3/4
On Manila:—	On demand 48 3/4
On Bangkok:—	On demand 149 1/2
On Sterling Notes:—	Bank Buying Rate Nov.
Bar Silver per oz.	23 1/4

## Market Report

FROM BOZA BROS.

Thursday July 17.  
Silver prices were not quoted this morning. American Silver was quoted at 34.3/4 for Spot.  
The London/New York cross-rate was quoted at 402.1/2. New York/London was quoted at 403.1/2.

## MARKET

STERLING  
There were sellers at 1/3 up to October, buyers at 1/3 1/2 for any delivery.  
U. S. DOLLARS  
No business was reported. There were sellers at 24.9/16 for near and forward, buyers at 24.5/8 for Cash.

SHANGHAI DOLLARS  
Opened with sellers at 458 but later business was done at 458.1/2 and 458.3/4. The market then reacted and a large business was done at 458. 457.3/4, 457.1/2, 457 and 456.3/4. The market closed with sellers at 456.1/2, buyers probably at 456.3/4 for Spot.  
SHANGHAI MARKET  
There were sellers of Sterling at 2.17/64 for Spot. U.S. Dollars opened with sellers at 5.11/32 and closed steadier at 5.3/8 for Spot.

AFTERNOON MARKET  
STERLING  
The market closed with sellers at 1/3 up to October, buyers at 1/3 1/2 for any delivery.  
U. S. DOLLARS  
Steady. The market closed with sellers at 24.5/8 for near and forward, buyers at 24.11/16 for near.

SHANGHAI DOLLARS  
Opened in the afternoon with sellers at 455.1/2 with business done at 455.1/4 and 455.1/2. At the close there were sellers at 454.1/2, buyers at 455.1/4.  
SHANGHAI MARKET  
Sterling opened this afternoon with sellers at 3.17/64 and closed firm at 3.19/64 for Spot. U. S. Dollars opened with sellers at 5.3/8 and closed firm at 5.7/16 for Spot.

Shanghai Exchange  
Shanghai, July 17 (Reuter).  
Official T.T. Rates  
Opening  
London 0/3-3/16  
New York 5-3/16  
Japan 22  
India 17-5/8  
Hongkong 21-1/8  
Paris nominal  
Sterling  
Selling  
Spot 0/3-1/4 0/3-17/64  
July 0/3-1/4 0/3-17/64  
Aug. 0/3-1/4 0/3-17/64  
U.S. Dollars  
Spot 5-5/16 5-3/8  
July 5-5/16 5-3/8  
Aug. 5-5/16 5-3/8  
Market: Quiet but steady.  
Silver Duty Rate  
The Central Bank of China's rate on London at 10 a.m. today was 1/2-1/32.  
The equalization rate was 24 per cent.

Colombo Exchange  
Colombo, July 18 (Reuter).  
T.T. on Japan, 21-1/8

N.Y. COMMODITY MARKET  
(REUTER'S SERVICE)

	Prev	High	Low	Close	Change
New York Cotton, Oct.	15.93	16.02	15.70	15.70	23 off
New York Rubber, Sept.	21.70	22.00	21.70	22.02b	32 up
Chicago Wheat, Sept.	105 1/2	105 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2	1/2 off
Chicago Corn, Sept.	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	75 1/2	1/2 up

N.Y. COTTON		
	Closing	Changes
July	15.55/55	20 off
Oct.	15.70/70	23 off
Dec.	15.80/80	25 off
Jan.	15.82 N	24 off
Mar.	15.84/84	30 off
May	15.80/85	34 off
Tuesday's sales:—157,400 bales.		

N.Y. RUBBER:		
Sept.	22.02b	32 up
Dec.	21.80b/85a	30 up
Mar.	21.60b	30 up
Total sales:—100 tons.		

NEW YORK HIDES:		
Dec.	14.45/46	15 up
Total sales:—31 lots.		

CHICAGO WHEAT:		
July	103 1/2/103 1/2	1/2 off
Sept.	105/104 1/2	1/2 off
Dec.	106 1/2/106 1/2	1/2 off
Tuesday's sales:—14,420,000 bushels.		

CHICAGO CORN:		
July	73 1/2b	1 up
Sept.	75 1/2/75 1/2	1 up
Dec.	76 1/2/76 1/2	1 up

NEW YORK LARD:		
Sept.	10.45/45	65 off
Dec.	10.77a	63 off

N.Y. BLACK PEPPER:		
Sept.	5.70b/78a	01 up
Dec.	5.82b/88a	02 up

N.Y. COTTONSEED OIL:		
Sept.	11.45/45	13 off
Dec.	11.30/30	11 up

N.Y. SUGAR No. 3:		
July	2.58b/60a	unch.
Sept.	2.58b/59a	01 off
Business done:—129 lots.		

N.Y. SUGAR No. 4:		
Sept.	1.21 1/2/22a	01 1/2 off
Dec.	1.25 1/2/26a	02 off
May	1.30 1/2/31a	02 off
Business done:—554 lots.		

NEW YORK COCOA		
Sept.	7.26 N	18 off
Dec.	7.35 N	20 off

N.Y. WOOL GREASE		
Dec.	9.34b/39a	01 up
N.Y. Official Silver	34-3/4	
N.Y./London Cross Rate	4.03-1/2	

LONDON METALS EXCHANGE		
Tin, Standard, Cash, Middle	Price, £256-7/8.	
Tin, Standard, 3 months, Middle	Price, £260-3/8.	
Market featureless, with routine smelter selling. After hours—10 tons for cash at £257.		

H.K. Stock Exchange		
H.K. Govt. 3 1/2% Loan (1934), 93.	Union Ins., \$225.	
H.K. Fire Ins., \$185.	Providents, \$5.85.	
Chinese Estates, \$101.	Lights, \$1.30.	
Electric (O) X. Rts., \$22.	Electric (N), \$21.	
Macao Electric, \$18.10.	Providents, \$5.95.	
Lands, \$35.75.	Trams, \$17.40.	
SALES		
H.K. Banks, \$1415.	Docks, \$15.80.	
Providents, \$5.90.	Humphreys, \$7.	
Lights, \$1.30.	Ropes, \$8.80.	

HONGKONG SHAREBROKERS' ASSOCIATION		
Volume of Business Transacted on Thursday, July 17, 1941	SALES	
H.K. Banks, 5	\$1,415.00	
China Lights (O), 500	8.00	
China, 200	6.00	
China Providents, 1,000	5.90	
H.K. Docks, 100	15.80	
Yau-mat Ferries, 60	22.00	
1,905		
The total value is \$21,001.00.		

India Rupee Paper		
Bombay, July 16 (Reuter).	Govt. 3 1/2% Rupee, 98-0-0.	

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE		
LONDON, July 17 (Reuter).—	The Stock Exchange ruled quietly steady yesterday apart from South African and West African gold mines as well as tin and rubber, shares which tended higher in response to a fair enquiry.	
Gilt-edged and oils were about unchanged and industrials were quiet, apart from some demand for aircrafts and motors.	Chinese and Japanese bonds were easier and Hongkong Bank share tended lower on the Japanese uncertainties, but several European loans were marked up about a point.	
Wall Street was quietly firm.		

LONDON GOLD		
London, July 16 (Reuter).	Bar Gold, Fine per oz., 108/-	

Sale Of War Bonds In Liangchow		
Under the sponsorship of General Ma Pu-ching who has purchased \$10,000 worth of National War Bonds, the campaign soliciting subscription to the bonds launched in Liangchow, Central Kwantung recently, is making good progress.	A total sum of \$50,000 has been raised through the sale of the bonds. The goal of the campaign is set at \$200,000.—(Central News).	

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE		
QUOTATION (REUTER'S SERVICE)	JULY 17, 1941.	

STOCKS	Last Sale	STOCKS	Last Sale
Adams Express	6 1/2	Johnsmanville	66 1/2
Allegheny Steel Co.	23 1/2	Kennecott Copper	38 1/2
Allis Chalmers	30 1/2	Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass	30
Amer. Can.	88	Lockheed Aircraft	28
American Cyanamid B.	40 1/2	Loew's Inc.	31 1/2
Amer. & Foreign Power	4	Martin, Glen L. Co.	29
Amer. Locomotive Co.	14 1/2	Montgomery Ward	38 1/2
Amer. Metals	18 1/2	National Aviation	84*
Amer. Radiator	6 1/2	Nat. Dairy Products	14 1/2
Amer. Rolling Mill	14 1/2	National Distillers	21 1/2
Amer. S'ing and R'ing Co.	44	Nat. Power & Light	7
Amer. Sugar Refining	17 1/2	National Supply Corp.	6 1/2
Amer. Tel. & Tel.	15 1/2	New York Central	13
Amer. Tobacco "B"	72 1/2	Niagara Hudson Power	2 1/2
Amer. Waterworks	4 1/2	N. American Aviation	14 1/2
Anaconda Copper	28 1/2	North American Co. (New)	13 1/2
Atchafalpa T. & S. Fe.	29 1/2	Northern Pacific	7
Aviation Corp.	3 1/2	Packard Motors	2 1/2
Baldwin Locomotive Co.	15 1/2	Paramount Pictures	11 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	4	Pennsylvania R.R.	24 1/2
Barnsdall Oil	10	Phillips Petroleum	43 1/2
Bendix Aviation	38 1/2	Pullman Inc.	26 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	74 1/2	Pure Oil	10 1/2
Bills & Co., E.W. (com.)	17 1/2	Radio Corp. of Am.	4 1/2
Boeing Airplane Co.	16 1/2	Reading Company, Com.	17 1/2
Borg-Warner	19 1/2	Remington Arms Co., Inc.	44*
Briggs Mfg. Co.	20	Republic Aviation Corp.	3 1/2
Bud Manufacturing Corp.	4 1/2	Republic Steel	20
Canadian Pacific	41	Reynold Tobac. "B"	33 1/2
Celanese Corp.	25	Schenley Distillers	12
Chesapeake & Ohio	38 1/2	Shell Union Oil	15 1/2
Chrysler	56	Socony-Vacuum Oil	9 1/2
Columbia Gas & Elec.	3	Southern Pacific	12
Commercial Credit Co.	25 1/2	Southern Ry \$5 pfd.	26 1/2
Com. & Southern (Ord.)	1	Spicer Manufacturing Co.	37 1/2
Consolidated Edison Co.	19 1/2	Standard Brands	5 1/2
Consolidated Oil	6	Standard Gas & Elec.	19
Copperweld Steel	16 1/2	Standard Oil of N.J.	43 1/2
Curtis Wright (C.)	9	Studebaker Com.	5 1/2
Distillers Corp. (Seagrams)	15 1/2	Swift International	21
Douglas Aircraft	73 1/2	Techintecolor	9 1/2
Du Pont de Nemours	159	Texas Corp.	42 1/2
Eagle Picher Lead	3 1/2	Trans-America Co.	4 1/2
Elec. Antolite Co.	27 1/2	20th Cent. Fox Film, Com.	6 1/2
Elec. Bond & Share	28 1/2	Union Bag & Paper Corp.	12
Elec. Bond & Share \$5 pfd.	52 1/2*	Union Pacific	8 1/2
Elec. Bond & Share \$8 pfd.	57 1/2	United Aircraft	41 1/2
Elec. Power & Light \$7 pfd.	34 1/2	United Airlines Trans.	10 1/2
Flintkote	14 1/2	United Corp.	9 1/2
Gen. Electric	33 1/2	United Corp. \$3 cum pfd.	23 1/2
Gen. Motors	38 1/2	United Gas Improvement	7 1/2
Gen. Railway Signal	14 1/2	U.S. Rubber	24 1/2
Gen. Tire & Rubber	12 1/2	U.S. Steel	57 1/2
Goodrich (B.F.)	15 1/2	Vanadium	25 1/2
Goodyear Tire & Rubber	18 1/2	Valtee Aircraft	7
Great Northern Iron Ore	17 1/2	Walworth Co.	5
Great Northern Ry. pfd.	26 1/2	Warner Bros. Pict.	4
Great Western Sugar	25 1/2	Westinghouse Elec.	95
Inter. Nickel	26 1/2	Westwood Iron Cor.	27 1/2
Inter. Paper & Power	17 1/2	Chase National Bank	31 1/2
Int. Tel. & Tel. (Fon. Is.)	2 1/2	National City Bank	21*
		Libby, McNeil	—

<b>ASSOCIATION</b>	<b>LONDON GOLD</b>
Volume of Business Transacted on Thursday, July 17, 1941	London, July 16. (Reuter). Bar Gold, Fine per oz., 168/-
<b>SALES</b>	

SILVER MARKET		
LONDON SILVER	London, July 16 (Reuter).	
Silver—Very little trade buying which was satisfied by production selling. Market steady.		
Spot, 23-3/8d.		
Forward, 23-3/8d.		

BOMBAY SILVER		
Market—Steady. Offtake 100 bars.		
Bombay, July 16 (Reuter).		
Indian Mint Silver		
Ready	63-0-6	
Aug. 18 Settlement	62-15-0	
Sept. 17 Settlement	62-14-6	

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA STATEMENT		
Calcutta, July 16 (Reuter).		
July 4 July 11		
Notes in circulation (Including Notes held in the Banking Department)	29,133	29,109
Rupee—Coin Bullion in India	3,680	3,656
Gold Coin and Bullion in India	4,441	4,441
Securities (Indian Government)	9,131	8,846
Securities (British Government)	11,879	12,184
(Figures in Lakhs Rupees)		

## BANKS

## HONGKONG &amp; SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

Authorized Capital.....\$50,000,000  
Issued & Fully Paid-Up \$50,000,000  
Reserve Funds:  
Sterling.....\$6,500,000  
H.K. Currency Reserve \$10,000,000  
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....\$20,000,000

Head Office:—HONG KONG

Board of Directors:  
Hon. Mr. J. J. Paterson, Chairman.  
W. H. Lock, Esq., Deputy Chairman.  
J. K. Bousfield, Esq.,  
A. H. Compton, Esq.,  
L. J. Davies, Esq.,  
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell,  
G. Miskin, Esq.,  
K. S. Morrison, Esq.,  
Hon. Mr. T. E. Pearce,  
Hon. Mr. A. L. Shields,  
Sir Vandeulur M. Grayburn, Chief Manager.

Branches:  
Johore, Rangoon, Amoy, Bangkok, Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Chefoo, Colombo, Dairen, Fookchow, Haiphong, Hankow, Harbin, Hioho, Ipoh, Kowloon, Kuala Lumpur, London, Lyons, Malacca, Manila, Muar, New York, Penang, Peiping, Singapore, Sourabaya, Swatow, Tientsin, Tokyo, Yokohama.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened in LOCAL CURRENCY and FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year or shorter periods in Local and other Currencies on terms which will be quoted on application.  
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES of various sizes to let.  
TRUSTEE and EXECUTOR business undertaken.  
Hongkong, 26th February, 1941.

## HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK

The Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.  
For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.  
V. M. GRAYBURN, Chief Manager.  
Hong Kong, 25th Feb., 1939.

## THE CHASE BANK

15, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL  
HEAD OFFICE:  
18, PINE STREET, NEW YORK.  
An American Bank offering complete Foreign Banking Service in the principal Markets of the world.  
SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES  
This Bank is a subsidiary of The Chase National Bank, New York, with Resources of over U.S.\$3,800,000,000.  
D. L. BALLANTYNE, Manager.  
18th June 1941.

## WANT-ADS ARE Cheap!

THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT OF CHINA AS AN INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK  
PAID-UP CAPITAL \$40,000,000.00 (BRANCHES ALL OVER CHINA)  
Owing to our numerous Branches in China and connections in the principal Commercial Centres of the World, we are able to extend to our Clients special facilities for Domestic and Foreign Banking and Exchange.  
Head Office:—SHANGHAI  
Hong Kong Branch:  
4, QUEEN'S ROAD, C.  
South China Office:  
CANTON KONGMOON  
SWATOW TOISHAN  
SHUICHOW KINGCHOW  
We also handle the issue of Bonds and other Public Funds, and the United Government both at Home and Abroad.  
SHOO T. CHEN

## BANK OF EAST ASIA, LIMITED

Authorized Capital.....\$10,000,000.00  
Paid-Up Capital.....5,595,000.00  
Reserves and Undivided Profits.....2,963,261.50  
Head Office:—HONG KONG  
No. 10 Des Voeux Road, Central  
Board of Directors:  
Hon. Sir Shouson Chow, Chairman  
Li Koon Chun, Esq., Li Lao Sang, Esq.,  
P. K. Kwok, Esq., Wong Chu Son, Esq.,  
Wong Lun Tong, Esq., Fung Ping Wah, Esq.  
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Hon. Mr. Li Tse Fong, Manager

## BANK OF CHINA

## PRESIDENT LINER Sailings

### TRANS-PACIFIC and ROUND-WORLD SERVICE

Next Sailing  
**UNITED STATES**  
THIRD WEEK IN JULY

For further particulars apply  
**AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES**  
"ROUND - WORLD SERVICE"  
AGENTS FOR TRANSCONTINENTAL & WESTERN AIR  
AND UNITED AIR LINES  
12 PEDDER ST. TEL. 28171.



**SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES** via Honolulu.  
NITTA MARU ... Monday, 28th July  
KAMAKURA MARU ... Tuesday, 12th Aug.  
**SEATTLE & VANCOUVER** (Starts from Kobe)  
HIKAWA MARU ... Wednesday, 6th Aug.  
**NEW YORK** via Japan & Panama

**SOUTH AMERICA (WEST COAST)** via Hilo & San Francisco. (starts from Kobe)  
\* AWATA MARU ... Sunday, 27th July  
**COLOMBO & MADRAS** via Singapore

**SYDNEY & MELBOURNE** via Manila.  
HUSIMI MARU ... Monday, 1st Sept.

**SAIGON**  
MATUMOTO MARU ... Saturday, 19th July

**BOMBAY** via Singapore & Colombo.  
HAKONE MARU ... Wednesday, 23rd July

**RANGOON & CALCUTTA** via Singapore  
\* MATUMOTO MARU ... Saturday, 19th July

**KOBE & YOKOHAMA**  
\* NAGATO MARU ... Tuesday, 22nd July  
NITTA MARU ... Monday, 28th July  
KAMAKURA MARU ... Tuesday, 12th Aug.

\* Cargo only.

### NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA

N.Y.K. King's Building

Telephone 30291.

## TRAVEL A.O. LINE

To AUSTRALIA

For particulars regarding Passengers,  
Cargo and Sailings apply to:—

**BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**

Agents.

Tel. No. 30332.

1, Connaught Road.

## DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.



SAILINGS FOR SWATOW, AMOY & FOCHOW & RETURN  
(Sailings temporarily suspended)

KWANGCHOWWAN—HONGKONG SERVICE  
Weekly sailings from Hong Kong

For particulars of Freight & Passage apply to:—

**DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & CO.,**

General Managers.

P. & O. Building, 5th Floor.

Tel. Nos. 23027 & 23028.

### What do you want?

If there is anything you want to buy or sell,  
try a small Classified advertisement in the  
Hongkong Daily Press.

25 words \$1.50 prepaid for 3 insertions.

## Need For Practical School Stressed By Mr. D. J. Sloss

Continued from Page 5

Miss Ivy Yu, Professor Hsu Ti-shan and Dr. K. C. Yuen for giving up so much valuable time in order to give us the lecture.

During the year the students have got into touch with various firms and Government Departments and have between them compiled a review of economic, geographic, geological and meteorological facts as well as valuable information on the growth of industries, agriculture, fisheries and public utility companies.

### ONE THOUSAND PAGES

This combined work runs into very nearly a 1000 pages of type-script and contains many original maps compiled and drawn by the students themselves from their own investigations. I should like to thank the heads of firms and governmental departments who so willingly assisted the students and gave them every facility for obtaining information.

The very excellent results are in the main due to the untiring efforts of Mr. S. G. Davis who has now got the colossal task of editing the results. At the same time a relief map of Hongkong and New Territories was made for the Director of Medical Services.

Too frequently in functions such as this one, the most important people present receive the least notice during speeches. I refer to the graduating students, and as they are going out to become teachers I will venture upon a few words of advice. The profession of teaching as seen through the eyes of a student in school and also in the training college seems to be extremely attractive. When viewed in the light of actual experience it is certainly on bed of roses even though it may possess the advantage of long holidays.

### A SENSE OF HUMOUR

Above all things a teacher must possess patience and an even temper. Add to this a sense of humour which is only shown at the right time and the teacher is well on the way to success. He is expected to be able to teach almost any subject and even though he may be specially qualified in science and higher mathematics he must be prepared at a moment's notice to take lessons in scripture, history and even poetry.

Remember too, that a good teacher is looked up to by the class and his mannerism, style of dressing, tricks in speech, and so on are unconsciously copied by the children. See to it, therefore, that your own life, habits and conduct are so ordered that there is nothing but influence for good which the children can imitate.

As far as children are concerned whatever a teacher says is correct and for this reason you must always be careful in what you say about things other than school subjects, especially in regard to moral instruction. Never say anything to the children which you would not be prepared to repeat to a class composed of their parents.

### PRIZE LIST

The following was the prize list:—

#### ANGLO CHINESE CLASSES

##### Final Year Teachers

Certificates and Prizes awarded to students on completion of the Two Year Course—Leung Kwok Chi, Top student (men); Award of Merit and Prize for Geography.

Hon. Pia Chun, Top Student (women); Award of Merit; Prize for Handwork. Leung Kan Ki, Award of Merit; Principal's prize for general work, progress and social activity; Prize for Art. Josephine Hsieh, Award of Merit; Prize for Practical Teaching. Wong Tak Sung, Special Prize for Practical Teaching (presented by Miss Gray). Irene Cheung, Prize for Handwork. Yeung Wai Tak, Prize for Art. Choy Shing Pang, Koo Wing Chiu and Lee Hoy Chau. (Pass in all subjects). Tam King Wai, Yeung Hing Wing, Lau, Plo-mena and Woo Lal Saan. (Pass in all subjects). Lee Hon Fun, Magdalen Tiu, Veronica Lee, Yeung Wai Chai, Chow Sook Chun and Lam Tsui Ying.

#### FIRST YEAR CLASS

G. L. Fong, Top Student (men); Award of Merit; Prize for Geography; Prize for Art. Lai Chung Mo, Top Student (women); Award of Merit; Prize for Handwork. Julia Ho Award of Merit, Millicent Leung, Award of Merit; Prize for Handwork, Wong Chak Lai, Principal's Prize for general work, progress and social activity. Cheng To Lam, Prize for Art.

#### CHINESE SECTION, FINAL YEAR

Lee Woon Wah, First Prize for Men, First Prize for Education; First Prize for Mathematics. Ma Chuen Hei, First Prize for Women; Handwork Prize. Lam Kam Chuen, First Student in Science, Chan Pui Ling, First Prize for Practical teaching. Poon Ue Chen, First Prize for Social Activities. Chow Chung Ming, First Prize in Psychology; First Prize for Chinese and history; First Prize for Geography. Wai King-tuen, First Prize for Art. Lau Kam Chuen, Second Prize for Art. Ngai Shook Ying, First Prize for Handwork.

#### CHINESE SECTION, FIRST YEAR

Kwok Chuen Boon, First Prize for Men; First Prize for Geography; First Prize for Science and Mathematics; Chen Ching Mei, First Prize for Women; First Prize for Chinese and History; Tam Sau Yung, Second Prize for all Subjects; First Prize in Handwork; Chow Poo Chuen, First Prize for Social Activities; First Prize in Art. Poon Pak Woon, First Prize for Psychology, Shum King Hor, First Prize for Art. Wong Pui Kui, First Prize for Handwork.

## POLICE COURTS

Continued from Page 5

by the complainant as a salesman at \$20 per month. During the past month, he has embezzled a total of some \$300 from 15 firms from whom he collected varying amounts on behalf of complainant. All the money has been spent.

### RECEIVER FINED

Appearing on remand, Leung Fat, alias Cho Shap, 32, fisherman, who was charged with receiving 153 sticks of stolen dynamite on July 11, was fined \$50 by Mr. Anderson yesterday.

Det.-Sub. Insp. C. Dowman prosecuted.

### ALLEGED ASSAULT

Chu Hung-bun, 25, unemployed, appeared before Mr. H. C. Macnamara yesterday when he was charged with demanding \$2 from an escort girl and of assaulting her in a hotel on Tuesday July 15.

The complainant, Chan Ying-pin, 20, gave evidence and stated that accused made her acquaintance when she was working in Yu Lok Escort Bureau.

On July 15, she was summoned by telephone to meet the accused at the Kum Toi Hotel in Nathan Road. At the hotel accused was alleged to have demanded \$2, and when she refused, slapped her. As a result of a struggle between her and accused she injured her hand and was admitted to hospital.

Accused said he assaulted her because she went out with other men. He took her to hospital in a taxi because of the injury to her hand and later accompanied her to the Police Station where he was surprised when the girl made the allegation against him of having demanded \$2. Accused denied having made the demand.

The case was adjourned until July 21.

Sub.-Insp. Baysting was in charge of prosecution.

### MARINE COURT

#### ANCHORED IN MINEFIELD

Leung Hak, 40, a steersman, and two other boatmen were fined sums of \$40, in default five weeks' hard labour, when they appeared yesterday before Cmdr. J. Jolly on the charge that they had anchored without permission in the Tathong Channel Minefield.

#### Sgt. Davitt prosecuted.

#### COXWAIN FINED

The coxwain of a launch was fined \$30, in default 30 days, for having made fast to a ship while underway.

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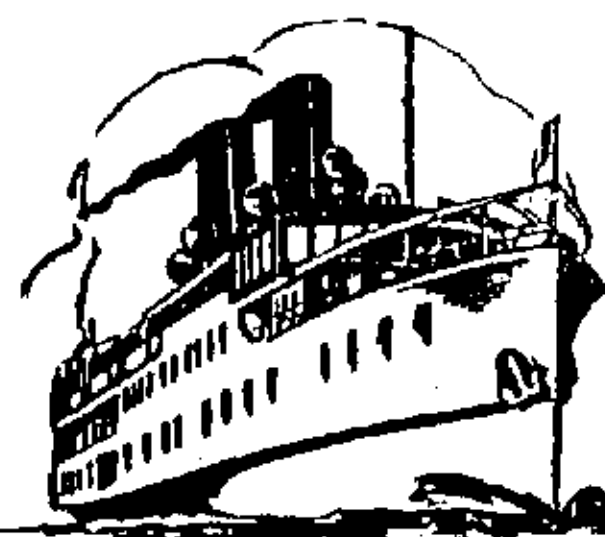
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## WOODEN HORSE RACING AT RECREIO

20-CENT TICKET  
WINS \$479.50

Wooden horse racing made its  
bow at the Club de Recreio last  
night when there was a large  
gathering of members present.

There was a special cash sweep  
on the last race (tickets at 20  
cents each) the winning ticket No.  
078 collecting \$479.50.

Parl-mutual results were as fol-  
lows:—

Race 1—Win \$1.05; place \$1.40;  
Race 2 \$7.30; \$2.80; Race 3 \$2.70;  
\$1.60; Race 4 \$2.95; 80 cts.; Race 5  
\$2.55; \$1.55; Race 6 \$2.00; \$1.10.

Bets were 20 cents each.

Special cash sweep (Race 6)—  
No. 078 (\$479.50); No. 1216 (205.  
50); starters and non-starters \$5  
each.

## PETROL CARGO STOLEN

Some 1,650 tins of petrol, valued  
at \$15,000 on board a trading junk  
No. T4683H were alleged by the  
master of the junk to have been  
taken away by armed robbers in  
British waters on Sunday.

Mak Chi-tai, master of the junk  
in question, reported that while  
his junk was anchored at Cha  
Ku Ling on Sunday about 9 p.m.,  
seven armed men from two sam-  
pans and a sailing boat boarded  
his junk and sailed with it until  
the following day when he and his  
crew were put ashore on an island  
near the Nine Pins Group.

The master and his folks were  
brought to Hongkong by a passing  
junk.

## TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS WEEKLY RETURN

In the Colony of Hongkong in-  
cluding the Island, Kowloon and  
New Territories during the week  
ending at 8 a.m. on Saturday, July  
12, 1941, there were altogether 95  
traffic accidents as the result of  
which four persons were killed  
and 24 persons were injured.

Of the persons killed, two Chi-  
nese females, aged 4 and 5, and a  
Chinese male, age 65, were  
knocked down and killed by a bus,  
a lorry and a tramcar respec-  
tively while crossing the carriageway  
and a Bren carrier passenger died  
from injuries received when the  
carrier ran off the roadway.

Of the 95 accidents, 44 were  
collisions between vehicles; 36 were  
collisions between vehicles and  
pedestrians; 15 accidents were due  
to other causes.

## GEN. IRWIN

It is learned in Hongkong that  
Colonel N. M. S. Irwin, popular  
G. S. O. I. of the China Command  
for over a year from 1937 to 1939,  
has been promoted to the rank  
of Major-General.

Maj.-Gen. Irwin at the age of  
59, is considered an authority on  
mechanisation. He commanded the  
6th Infantry Brigade and was  
formerly Chief Instructor at Sand-  
hurst.

While here, he was a brilliant  
hockey player and marksman and  
was very popular with the troops  
and civilian officials.

The announcement was greeted  
in London papers as halting the  
advance of experts in mechanisa-  
tion, two other officers also being  
promoted at the same time.

## G.O.C. LEAVING

It is authoritatively learned that  
H.E. the G.O.C. Major-General A.  
E. Grasset, will be leaving the  
Colony at the week-end to take up  
his new appointment.

## HONG KONG TIDE TABLE

From 18 to 24 July 1941.

HIGH WATER.		LOW WATER.	
Days of Week	Days of Month	Hong Kong Standard Time	Height
Fri.	18	04 04	5 4
Sat.	19	05 32	5 0
Sun.	20	06 14	4 0
Mon.	21	07 01	3 0
Tues.	22	07 52	2 0
Wed.	23	08 40	1 0
Thu.	24	09 27	0 0

## Germanization Of Poland Is Proceeding With A Ruthless Thoroughness

Germanization of the land won by the Third Reich from former Poland is proceeding with a ruthless thoroughness that shows long preparation, states the "Christian Science Monitor." As far as can be judged from the region about Litzmannstadt in the former Polish Corridor, active furtherance of the interests of the German population which has come from Galicia and Volhynia is evident. The Polish population which has outlived the horrors of war is removed to the protectorate, employed in a subordinate position or entirely dis-  
garded.

The German peasants who are being settled in and round Litzmannstadt left their homes in the eastern part of former Poland to travel many miles in farm wagons and on horseback in long dusty columns to their present location.

### FELT STRANGE

When they arrived, they were tired and all felt strange in a strange country. Many of them had been completely assimilated in their former Polish environment and can no longer speak and write German. The important work of "re-Germanizing" these Polish-Germans is being undertaken by various organization and departments of the Third Reich.

Much of the work is being done by mere students, boys and girls who were organized in work groups for just this purpose long before the war began. In the Warthegau, the region about Litzmannstadt, there are 80 medical students, 100 students from normal schools, 150 students of architecture and practical construction and about 200 girl students.

### ALL VOLUNTEERS

They are all volunteers. Their organization is called Fachschafts Ost (specialized volunteers East).

They work in collaboration with the S. S. Department for colonizing, which pays their expenses. The architects and construction students receive eight marks pay per day, the rest of the students get five marks per day. Travelling expenses are also paid by the S. S.

The work of "resettlement and re-Germanization" was planned in the camp at Gradinki by the student leaders. Maps and drawings were made for the projected buildings and improvements. The children of the settlers were counted and their previous school training ascertained.

It is no uncommon sight to see a young blond lad of 18 or 19 in a Hitler Youth uniform directing the work of five or ten Polish men in

reconstructing an old farmhouse or building a sawmill. One of the problems, as the young German explained, is to reconstruct the chimneys of the Polish farm houses which are broad at the bottom and taper to a point above the straw thatched roofs.

The Germans prefer the chimneys equally wide from top to bottom, as they give a better draught. If the picturesque Polish farmhouses are too old or have been ruined by the war, they are torn down by the Polish workers under German leadership and new modern structures are built. Sometimes the cottage of a Polish peasant who has not yet been removed is repaired. Work on the farms of the Polish population is, however, limited to the merest essentials.

### PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE

The large Polish estates have been confiscated by the Germans and are being managed by representatives of the Department of Agriculture and the Labour Front. The work of the 200 girls stationed at Gradinki is not of a technical nature, but merely "filling in wherever needed" and making the settlers feel at home. In their trim black and white uniforms they attend peasant festivals, help in the kitchen, care for the children and even work in the fields. Some of the girls are students in an agricultural school. Hence this work is good practical experience for them.

The girl teachers are surprisingly young. One girl who manages a whole village of 50 children all by herself was only in her third half semester at the University of Berlin when she volunteered. She had never had any experience as a teacher. On the whole the work of resettlement by the Germans on this newly-conquered land is well enough done to give the appearance of permanency. The German settlers seem to be striking root in their new homes, the more so as whole villages are transplanted as units.

## EXHIBITION IN AID OF CHINA'S AEROPLANE FUND

Hundreds of people visited the All-Hongkong exhibition of Chinese oil and colour paintings and calligraphy held under the auspices of the Chinese Y. M. C. A. at its premises in Bridges Street, where it was opened to the public yesterday.

The exhibits, most of which are for sale, comprise works of about 60 prominent painters and calligraphists, including Messrs. Huang Shao-chiang, Liu Lin-ming, Chen Kung-che, Yang Chen-li, Mai Hwa-tse, Chien Ching-teal and Li Fung-kung.

It is understood that the proceeds from the sale will go to funds for the purchase of aeroplanes for China.

The exhibition will be continued today and tomorrow, from 10 a.m. to 9 p.m. daily.

## TWO BOWLS GAMES POSTPONED

Two lawn bowls matches in the Second Division League, scheduled for Saturday have been postponed, Recreio calling off their fixture with Prison Officers and Kowloon Tong with the Hongkong Croquet Club.

The latter club have taken the opportunity to arrange with the P.O.C. to play off their match, postponed from May 24, on account of rain. The game will be played at Stanley.

## K.F.C. RINKS

The following will represent the Kowloon Football Club in the Lawn Bowls League tomorrow:—B. Thomson, A. Thomson, C. Fuller, T. Ferguson (skip), G. Cross, C. Woodcock, A. Mathews, R. Ordan (skip), B. Williams, G. Frost, Y. Abbas, V. Attensa (skip).  
Reserves:—W. C. Ogley, L. Bones.

## DEATH OF MRS. L. M. DA SILVA

The sympathies of his many friends will go out to Mr. Louis Maria da Silva, of Shanghai, on the death of his bride of a few hours which occurred on July 8.

The late Mrs. da Silva was the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Carlson and was only 21 years of age. She was married to Mr. da Silva on the same day that she died.

A Requiem Mass was held at the Church of Christ the King on Saturday and was followed by interment at the Bubbling Well Cemetery at 4 p.m. that day.

## FORTHCOMING WEDDINGS

The following forthcoming marriages were announced at the Registry, Supreme Court, yesterday:—

Mr. Cheng Shiu-yuen, sheriff, of No. 80 Queen's Road West, and Miss Leung Wai-lan, of No. 91 Queen's Road West;

Mr. Spencer Shing Yuen-sze, bank clerk, of No. 24 Hillwood Road, third floor, and Miss Ellis Yee Juan-yang, of the same address.

### FORTHCOMING GALA

Included in the programme of the forthcoming gala between the Combined V.R.C.—Y.M.C.A. and the Chinese Clubs, is an inter-school Relay Race and a 50 yards free-style events, open to services.

The marriage took place on July 5, at Saint Peter's Cathedral, Shanghai, of Roger, youngest son of Mrs. M. Monnot, to Paulette, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. Hodayer.

Singapore, July 17 (Reuter).—It is understood that the Maharajah of Patiala is leaving for Malaya in August to inspect the Indian Army regiment stationed in this country. None of Patiala's State forces are here but the Maharajah, who is leader of the Sikhs, will see many troops from Punjab.

## FOREIGN MAILS

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, 18th JULY, 1941.

Air Mail Service by British Overseas Airways Corporation to East & South Africa, United Kingdom and beyond has now been resumed. Correspondence for despatch by Air via Rangoon must be superscribed by "C.N.A.C."

The public are reminded that it is a breach of postal regulations to enclose in a postal cover communications intended for persons other than the addressee.

The Printed Matter Service to the following places in China is temporarily suspended:—

Yunnan  
Szechuen  
Kweichow  
Hunan  
Fukien (except Amoy and Kulansu)  
Kwangsi  
North and East of Kwangtung.

Small Packet Post to all countries is suspended.

## INWARD AIR MAILS

From	Due
Air Mail by "Pan American Airways Direct Service"—San Francisco date, 22nd July.	29th July
Air Mail by "Pan American Airways Direct Service"—San Francisco date, 5th August.	12th Aug.

## OUTWARD AIR MAILS

For	Date and Time
<b>MONDAY</b>	Mon. 21st July K.P.O. Reg. 4.00 PM Ord. 4.30 PM G.P.O. Reg. 4.00 PM Ord. 4.30 PM
Air Mail by Air to Rangoon to connect with the "British Overseas Airways."	
<b>TUESDAY</b>	Tue. 23rd July K.P.O. Reg. 5.00 PM Ord. 5.30 PM G.P.O. Reg. 5.00 PM Ord. 7.00 PM
Air Mail for Manila, Guam, Honolulu, U.S.A. and Europe via "Pan-American Airways and Trans-Atlantic Services"	
<b>TUESDAY</b>	Tue. 12th Aug. K.P.O. Reg. 5.00 PM Ord. 5.30 PM G.P.O. Reg. 5.00 PM Ord. 7.00 PM
Air Mail for Manila, Guam, Honolulu, U.S.A. and Europe via "Pan-American Airways and Trans-Atlantic Services"	

## STUDIES IN BRITAIN: F.M.S. RESTRICTIONS

The F.M.S. Government has received instructions from the Secretary of State for the Colonies regarding students who may wish to proceed to the United Kingdom for the purpose of acquiring professional or other higher educational qualifications, the Malaya Tribune learns.

It is not desired to impose any rigid ban which would have the effect of holding up the training of students whose work will be valuable to the community in the post-war period.

It is realised that the war risks involved, including the possibility of interruption of studies when in the United Kingdom, may in certain circumstances be worth taking in the interests of the Empire as a whole, but it is considered that in general, students should only go to the United Kingdom provided:

- That they have carried their training as far as possible locally;
- That the possibility of their undertaking similar training in other sterling areas than the United Kingdom has been fully considered;
- That the course which they desire to take will last for at least two years after their arrival in the United Kingdom, and that no question of their wishing to return to Malaya before that time is likely to arise;
- That they are financially equipped for their period of study in the United Kingdom. A minimum sum of at least £200 per annum, excluding fees, should be available.

Any student, it is stated, who satisfies the above conditions and desires to pursue his studies in the

United Kingdom should in the first instance communicate with the Director of Education in order that the circumstances of his case may be considered by the Secretary of State before any arrangements for his voyage are made.

These instructions apply to both private and Government scholars. A highly-placed Government official interviewed said that the successful Queen's Scholars, both in the S.S. and the F.M.S., during the years 1939 and 1940, are still in Malaya, not having yet taken advantage of the facilities awarded them by virtue of their winning the coveted scholarships.

It is understood that two of them have applied to be allowed to continue their studies in the United Kingdom, in spite of the war risks, and their cases are at present having the consideration of the Government.

The successful Queen's Scholars for 1941 have not yet been selected. The results are expected only in September or October.

The suggestion to send Queen's Scholars and others for further studies in Australia is at present having the consideration of the Government and an announcement will be made in the near future. Successful candidates, who wish to take Law, however, will have to go to the United Kingdom, for Australia possesses no seat of learning as famous as the Temples in the U.K.

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